

**KOCAER ÇELİK SANAYİ VE TİCARET ANONİM ŞİRKETİ
AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES**

**CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD 1 JANUARY - 30 JUNE 2026
TOGETHER WITH THE AUDITOR'S REVIEW REPORT**

**(CONVENIENCE TRANSLATION INTO ENGLISH OF THE AUDITOR'S REVIEW REPORT AND
INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL INFORMATION ORIGINALLY ISSUED IN TURKISH)**

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CONVENIENCE TRANSLATION INTO ENGLISH OF THE AUDITOR'S REVIEW REPORT ORIGINALLY ISSUED IN
TURKISH

REPORT ON REVIEW OF INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL INFORMATION

To the General Assembly of Kocaer Çelik Sanayi ve Ticaret Anonim Şirketi

Introduction

We have reviewed the accompanying consolidated statement of financial position of Kocaer Çelik Sanayi ve Ticaret Anonim Şirketi (the "Company" or "Kocaer Çelik") and its subsidiaries (the "Group") as at 30 June 2026, the consolidated statement of profit or loss, the consolidated statement of other comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity, the consolidated statement of cash flows and other explanatory notes for the six-month period then ended ("interim consolidated financial information"). The management of the Group is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of this interim consolidated financial information in accordance with Turkish Accounting Standard 34 ("TAS 34") "Interim Financial Reporting". Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on this interim consolidated financial information based on our review.

Scope of Review

We conducted our review in accordance with the Standard on Review Engagements ("SRE") 2410, "Review of interim consolidated financial information performed by the independent auditor of the entity". A review of interim consolidated financial information consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with Standards on Auditing and the objective of which is to express an opinion on the financial statements. Consequently, a review on the interim consolidated financial information does not provide assurance that the audit firm will be aware of all significant matters which would have been identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

Conclusion

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the accompanying interim consolidated financial statements do not present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of Kocaer Çelik Sanayi ve Ticaret Anonim Şirketi (the "Company" or "Kocaer Çelik") and its subsidiaries (the "Group") as at 30 June 2026, and its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the six-month period then ended in accordance with TAS 34.

An Independent Member of BAKER TILLY INTERNATIONAL
GÜRELİ YEMİNLİ MALİ MÜŞAVİRLİK VE BAĞIMSIZ DENETİM HİZMETLERİ A.Ş.



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İstanbul, 5 August 2026

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CONVENIENCE TRANSLATION INTO ENGLISH OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
ORIGINALLY ISSUED IN TURKISH

KOCAER ÇELİK SANAYİ VE TİCARET ANONİM ŞİRKETİ

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION

AS AT 30 JUNE 2026 AND 31 DECEMBER 2025

(Amounts on tables expressed in Turkish Lira ("TL") in terms of purchasing power of TL on 30 June 2026, unless otherwise indicated.)

	Notes	Reviewed current period 30.06.2026	Audited prior period 31.12.2025
ASSETS			
Current Assets		16.390.871.944	15.416.931.833
Cash and Cash Equivalents	6	4.861.429.677	5.057.267.743
Financial Investments	7	1.168.836.678	1.040.051.639
Trade Receivables	10	4.254.191.452	4.607.126.170
<i>Third Parties</i>	10	4.254.191.452	4.607.126.170
Other Receivables	11	407.609.772	352.978.809
<i>Third Parties</i>	11	359.984.538	223.854.414
<i>Related Parties</i>	11-37	47.625.234	129.124.395
Inventories	13	5.327.559.097	4.023.291.025
Prepaid Expenses	15	283.493.894	242.527.076
<i>Third Parties</i>	15	283.493.894	242.527.076
Current Income Tax Assets	25	-	1.762
Other Current Assets	26	87.751.374	93.687.609
Non-Current Assets		15.146.258.482	15.434.173.120
Other Receivables	11	245.169.839	69.470.242
<i>Third Parties</i>	11	7.848.123	7.848.138
<i>Related Parties</i>	11-37	237.321.716	61.622.104
Financial Investments	7	7.183	7.183
Right of Use Assets	14	225.264.770	274.356.111
Investment Properties	17	829.260.032	829.260.032
Property, Plant and Equipment	18	13.837.364.976	14.250.715.937
Intangible Assets	19	9.191.682	10.363.615
<i>Other Intangible Assets</i>	19	9.191.682	10.363.615
TOTAL ASSETS		31.537.130.426	30.851.104.953

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.



CONVENIENCE TRANSLATION INTO ENGLISH OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
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KOCAER ÇELİK SANAYİ VE TİCARET ANONİM ŞİRKETİ

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION
AS AT 30 JUNE 2026 AND 31 DECEMBER 2025

(Amounts on tables expressed in Turkish Lira ("TL") in terms of purchasing power of TL on 30 June 2026, unless otherwise indicated.)

	Notes	Reviewed current period 30.06.2026	Audited prior period 31.12.2025
LIABILITIES			
Current Liabilities		13.972.747.068	12.247.023.680
Short-Term Borrowings	8	6.726.393.939	5.741.556.767
Short-Term Portion of Long-Term Borrowings	8	202.387.192	227.679.222
Trade Payables	10	6.188.909.725	5.238.405.060
<i>Third Parties</i>	10	6.188.909.725	5.238.405.060
Employee Benefits	20	122.121.726	129.419.440
Other Payables	11	285.292.592	227.327.510
<i>Third Parties</i>	11	285.282.964	227.327.510
<i>Related Parties</i>	11-37	9.628	-
Deferred Income	15	274.959.198	513.707.433
<i>Third Parties</i>	15	274.959.198	513.707.433
Current Income Tax Liabilities	35	82.783.892	78.153.073
Short-Term Provisions	22	89.898.804	90.775.175
<i>Other Short-Term Provisions</i>	22	57.909.623	65.888.790
<i>Short-Term Provisions for Employee Benefits</i>	22	31.989.181	24.886.385
Non-Current Liabilities		2.660.239.911	4.081.920.256
Long-Term Borrowings	8	1.514.698.672	2.500.649.990
Long-Term Provisions	24	116.781.943	76.729.781
<i>Long-Term Provisions for Employee Benefits</i>	24	116.781.943	76.729.781
Deferred Tax Liabilities	35	1.028.759.295	1.504.540.485
EQUITY		14.904.143.448	14.522.161.017
Equity Holders of the Parent	27	14.856.920.024	14.475.696.318
Paid-in Share Capital	27	1.915.000.000	1.915.000.000
Adjustment to Share Capital	27	2.198.512.251	2.198.512.251
Share Premium	27	487.676.039	487.676.039
Other Comprehensive Income or Expenses not to be reclassified to Profit or Loss	27	2.369.348.806	2.453.702.102
Other Comprehensive Income or Expenses to be reclassified to Profit or Loss	27	(963.419.673)	(755.516.411)
Restricted Reserves	27	593.640.243	590.572.140
Retained Earnings	27	7.645.692.391	7.028.176.991
Profit for the Period	27	610.469.967	557.573.206
Non-Controlling Interests	27	47.223.424	46.464.699
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND EQUITY		31.537.130.426	30.851.104.953

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.



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KOCAER ÇELİK SANAYİ VE TİCARET ANONİM ŞİRKETİ
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF PROFIT OR LOSS
FOR THE INTERIM PERIODS ENDED 30 JUNE 2026 AND 2025

(Amounts on tables expressed in Turkish Lira ("TL") in terms of purchasing power of TL on 30 June 2026, unless otherwise indicated.)

		Reviewed current period	Unreviewed current period	Reviewed prior period	Unreviewed prior period
	Notes	01.01.2026 30.06.2026	01.04.2026 30.06.2026	01.01.2025 30.06.2025	01.04.2025 30.06.2025
Revenue	28	11.584.836.453	6.175.421.030	13.892.018.208	7.557.068.858
Cost of Sales (-)	28	(9.151.031.821)	(4.749.674.057)	(11.038.198.902)	(6.053.534.617)
Gross profit from non-finance sector operations		2.433.804.632	1.425.746.973	2.853.819.306	1.503.534.241
GROSS PROFIT		2.433.804.632	1.425.746.973	2.853.819.306	1.503.534.241
Marketing, Sales and Distribution Expenses (-)	29-30	(705.478.873)	(448.187.341)	(884.363.968)	(433.466.636)
General Administrative Expenses (-)	29-30	(250.006.240)	(127.630.487)	(288.164.886)	(156.285.364)
Research and Development Expenses (-)	29-30	(46.771.249)	(23.112.530)	(9.705.001)	(4.905.424)
Other Operating Income	31	705.484.026	418.361.789	1.186.771.976	185.057.721
Other Operating Expenses (-)	31	(1.121.857.639)	(726.545.101)	(1.222.311.175)	(256.139.542)
OPERATING PROFIT		1.015.174.657	518.633.303	1.636.046.252	837.794.996
Gains from investment activities	32	677.023.292	379.277.469	286.154.876	127.947.054
Losses from investment activities (-)	32	(39.425.391)	16.591	(49.463.377)	(48.476.231)
OPERATING PROFIT BEFORE FINANCIAL INCOME/(EXPENSE)		1.652.772.558	897.927.363	1.872.737.751	917.265.819
Financial Income	33	72.071.824	42.913.786	109.407.083	10.274.345
Financial Expenses (-)	33	(1.054.551.252)	(627.223.292)	(1.521.103.850)	(799.214.803)
Net monetary position gains/(losses)	34	(122.732.123)	(62.049.891)	156.229.448	75.847.669
PROFIT BEFORE TAX		547.561.007	251.567.966	617.270.432	204.173.030
Tax income/(expense)	35	70.675.268	233.997.915	(97.673.404)	(66.807.780)
- Current period tax expense		(103.772.921)	(77.405.752)	(1.368.859)	(1.178.584)
- Deferred income tax		174.448.189	311.403.667	(96.304.545)	(65.629.196)
PROFIT FOR THE PERIOD FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS		618.236.275	485.565.881	519.597.028	137.365.250
PROFIT FOR THE PERIOD		618.236.275	485.565.881	519.597.028	137.365.250
Attributable to					
Non-Controlling Interests		618.236.275	485.565.881	519.597.028	137.365.250
Equity Holders of the Parent		7.766.308	2.262.312	5.803.794	4.848.395
		610.469.967	483.303.569	513.793.234	132.516.855
Earnings Per Share					
Earnings Per Share from Continuing Operations	36	0.3188	0.2524	0.2683	0.0692

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.



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KOCAER ÇELİK SANAYİ VE TİCARET ANONİM ŞİRKETİ

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME
FOR THE INTERIM PERIODS ENDED 30 JUNE 2026 AND 2025

(Amounts on tables expressed in Turkish Lira ("TL") in terms of purchasing power of TL on 30 June 2026, unless otherwise indicated.)

		Reviewed current period	Unreviewed current period	Reviewed prior period	Unreviewed prior period
	Notes	01.01.2026 30.06.2026	01.04.2026 30.06.2026	01.01.2025 30.06.2025	01.04.2025 30.06.2025
PROFIT FOR THE PERIOD	35	618.236.275	485.565.881	519.597.028	137.365.250
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME					
Items not to be reclassified to profit or loss		(21.279.650)	(9.332.067)	4.334.838	(25.839.627)
Gains/(losses) on remeasurements of defined benefit plans	24	(19.906.587)	(9.428.320)	6.148.792	(26.837.956)
Adjustments for inflation, net		-	-	-	(3.785.066)
Taxes relating to other comprehensive income not to be reclassified to profit or loss		(1.373.063)	96.253	(1.813.954)	4.783.395
- Deferred income tax - (Actuarial gains/losses)	35	(1.373.063)	96.253	(1.813.954)	4.783.395
Items to be reclassified to profit or loss		(214.974.194)	(183.074.167)	(551.744.415)	(87.529.949)
Currency translation differences		(43.533.810)	41.601.184	26.223.930	27.049.609
Gains/(losses) on cash flow hedges		(171.440.384)	(224.675.351)	(577.968.345)	(114.579.558)
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME		(236.253.844)	(192.406.234)	(547.409.577)	(113.369.576)
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME		381.982.431	293.159.647	(27.812.549)	23.995.674
Attributable to		381.982.431	293.159.647	(27.812.549)	23.995.674
Non-Controlling Interests		695.374	60.855	8.452.411	12.674.870
Equity Holders of the Parent		381.287.057	293.098.792	(36.264.960)	11.320.804

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KOCAER ÇELİK SANAYİ VE TİCARET ANONİM ŞİRKETİ
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY
FOR THE INTERIM PERIODS ENDED 30 JUNE 2026 AND 2025

(Amounts on tables expressed in Turkish Lira ("TL") in terms of purchasing power of TL on 30 June 2026, unless otherwise indicated.)

	Notes	Items not to be reclassified to profit or loss				Items to be reclassified to profit or loss					Retained earnings				Non-controlling interests	Total equity
		Paid-in share capital	Adjustment to share capital	Share premium	Gains/(losses) on remeasurements of defined benefit plans	Property, plant and equipment revaluation surplus	Currency translation differences	Gains/(losses) on hedge	Restricted reserves	Prior years' income	Profit for the period	Equity holders of the parent				
Reviewed prior period																
Balances at 1 January 2025	27	1.915.000.000	2.198.488.864	487.673.266	(42.782.663)	2.473.522.811	177.649.392	(239.279.470)	587.703.232	6.911.123.094	127.777.676	14.596.876.202	39.329.139	14.636.205.341		
Transfers																
Capital increases	27	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2.190.203	125.587.473	(127.777.676)	-	-	-	1.525.779	1.525.779
Total Comprehensive Income	27	-	-	-	4.334.838	-	23.575.314	(577.968.346)	-	-	513.793.234	(36.264.960)	8.452.411	(27.812.549)		
-Profit for the Period	27	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	513.793.234	513.793.234	519.597.028	519.597.028		
-Other Comprehensive Income	27	-	-	-	4.334.838	-	23.575.314	(577.968.346)	-	-	-	(550.038.194)	2.648.617	(547.409.577)		
Balances at 30 June 2025	27	1.915.000.000	2.198.488.864	487.673.266	(38.447.825)	2.473.522.811	201.224.706	(817.247.816)	589.893.435	7.036.710.567	513.793.234	14.560.611.242	49.307.329	14.609.918.571		
(End of the period)																
Reviewed current period																
Balances at 1 January 2026	27	1.915.000.000	2.198.512.251	487.676.039	(19.834.771)	2.473.536.873	9.518.452	(765.034.863)	590.572.140	7.028.176.991	557.573.206	14.475.696.318	46.464.699	14.522.161.017		
Transfers																
Capital increases	27	-	-	-	-	(63.073.648)	-	-	3.068.103	617.515.400	(557.573.206)	(63.351)	63.351	-	-	-
Total Comprehensive Income	27	-	-	-	(21.279.648)	-	(36.462.878)	(171.440.384)	-	-	610.469.967	381.287.057	695.374	381.982.431		
-Profit for the Period	27	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	610.469.967	610.469.967	7.766.308	618.236.275		
-Other Comprehensive Income	27	-	-	-	(21.279.648)	-	(36.462.878)	(171.440.384)	-	-	-	(229.182.910)	(7.070.934)	(236.253.844)		
Balances at 30 June 2026	27	1.915.000.000	2.198.512.251	487.676.039	(41.114.419)	2.410.463.225	(26.944.426)	(936.475.247)	593.640.243	7.645.692.391	610.469.967	14.856.920.024	47.223.424	14.904.143.448		
(End of the period)																

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.



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ORIGINALLY ISSUED IN TURKISH

KOCAER ÇELİK SANAYİ VE TİCARET ANONİM ŞİRKETİ
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
FOR THE INTERIM PERIODS ENDED 30 JUNE 2026 AND 2025

(Amounts on tables expressed in Turkish Lira ("TL") in terms of purchasing power of TL on 30 June 2026, unless otherwise indicated.)

		Reviewed current period	Reviewed prior period
Notes	01.01.2026 30.06.2026	01.01.2025 30.06.2025	
A) CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
PROFIT FOR THE PERIOD	(1.124.504.232)	(1.280.177.358)	
Profit for the Period from Continuing Operations	618.236.275	519.597.028	
Adjustments to reconcile profit for the period to cash generated from operating activities	618.236.275	519.597.028	
Depreciation and amortisation	(1.084.148.940)	(331.918.968)	
Adjustments for tax income and expenses	14-18-19 329.019.708	309.365.760	
Adjustments for Provisions	(475.781.190)	(97.673.404)	
Adjustments for Other Provisions (Reversal)	22-24 55.409.208	39.816.958	
Adjustments for Provision for Employee Benefits (Reversal)	(7.979.167)	39.816.958	
Adjustments for interest income and expenses	22-24 63.388.375	-	
Adjustments for Interest Income	(746.969.154)	(411.160.499)	
Adjustments for Interest Expenses	33 10.363.167	27.477.630	
Adjustments for unrealized currency translation differences	33 (757.332.321)	(438.638.129)	
Adjustments for gains/(losses) on fair value	18.813.500	72.149.488	
Financial assets	(291.057.175)	(286.154.876)	
Monetary gains/(losses)	(291.057.175)	(286.154.876)	
Total adjustments	26.416.163	41.737.605	
Changes in Working Capital	(1.084.148.940)	(331.918.968)	
Adjustments for Gains/(Losses) on Trade Receivables	(646.988.969)	(1.451.574.996)	
Third parties	10 352.934.718	(9.426.030)	
Adjustments for Gains/(Losses) on Other Receivables Related to Operations	10 352.934.718	(9.426.030)	
Third parties	11-37 (224.392.563)	(167.032.959)	
Related parties	(130.192.112)	(167.032.959)	
Changes in Derivative Assets	(94.200.451)	-	
Changes in Inventories	(171.440.384)	(577.968.345)	
Changes in Prepaid Expenses	13 (1.304.268.072)	(638.707.551)	
Adjustments for Gains/(Losses) on Trade Payables	15 (40.966.818)	(52.524.155)	
Third parties	10 950.504.665	(37.042.361)	
Adjustments for gains/(losses) on payables due to employee benefits	10 950.504.665	(37.042.361)	
Adjustments for Gains/(Losses) on Other Payables Related to Operations	20 (28.577.362)	(3.578.417)	
Third parties	57.965.082	239.584.788	
Related parties	57.955.454	239.584.788	
Changes in Deferred Income	9.628	-	
Cash Flows from Operating Activities	15 (238.748.235)	(204.879.966)	
Adjustments for gains/(losses) on provisions for employee benefits	(1.112.901.634)	(1.263.896.936)	
Income taxes refund/(paid)	22-24 (16.233.417)	(14.483.542)	
Net Cash From Operating Activities	35 4.630.819	(1.796.880)	
B) CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	(1.124.504.232)	(1.280.177.358)	
Cash inflows from sale of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets	253.094.807	(644.725.216)	
Property, plant and equipment	18 541.762.088	-	
Cash outflows from purchase of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets	18 541.762.088	-	
Property, plant and equipment	18 (417.452.320)	(644.725.216)	
Intangible assets	18 (417.452.320)	(644.426.476)	
Cash inflows from dividends and other financial instruments	19 -	(298.740)	
C) CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES	7 128.785.039	-	
Cash outflows from payments of borrowings	712.034.237	296.639.918	
Cash outflows from repayments of borrowings	(36.934.917)	(114.520.580)	
Cash outflows from other borrowings	(26.406.176)	(56.387.518)	
Interest received	(8.528.741)	(58.133.062)	
D) NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	746.969.154	411.160.498	
BEFORE EFFECT OF EXCHANGE RATE CHANGES	(159.375.188)	(1.628.262.656)	
EFFECT OF EXCHANGE RATE CHANGES ON CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	(36.462.878)	23.575.314	
Net Increase/(Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(195.838.066)	(1.604.687.342)	
E) CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE BEGINNING OF THE PERIOD	6 5.057.267.743	3.969.803.963	
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF THE PERIOD	6 4.861.429.677	2.365.116.621	

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.



KOCAER ÇELİK SANAYİ VE TİCARET ANONİM ŞİRKETİ

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS AT AND FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2026
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NOTE 1 – GROUP'S ORGANISATION AND NATURE OF OPERATIONS

Kocaer Çelik Sanayi ve Ticaret Anonim Şirketi ("the Company" or "Kocaer Çelik") was established on 25 December 1984 in İzmir, Aliğa with the title of Kocaer Haddencilik Sanayi ve Ticaret Anonim Şirketi. The title of Kocaer Haddencilik Sanayi ve Ticaret Anonim Şirketi has been changed to Kocaer Çelik Sanayi ve Ticaret Anonim Şirketi on 20 May 2021. In 2021, the Company was restructured as engage in business activities iron and steel, transportation. In accordance with the restructuring, by merging with all its subsidiaries operating in the business activities of iron and steel, transportation and automotive and excluded other subsidiaries, the Company has a structure that only have iron, steel and transportation.

Kocaer Çelik operates its business activities in its production facility in Aliğa, İzmir. Kocaer Çelik's business activities include supplying, shaping, manufacturing and trading all kinds of iron and steel products, semi-finished products and raw materials.

In its 3 steel profile factories with an annual production capacity of 800,000 tons, Galvanizing factory with a capacity of 100 thousand tons, Steel Service Center with a capacity of 120 thousand tons and Electricity production facilities with a capacity of 15 million kWh, using the latest technology and high engineering power; it produces special steel profiles for solar energy infrastructure, energy transmission line, structural steel, transportation, mining, tunneling, shipbuilding, machinery manufacturing industry sectors.

The registered address of the Kocaer Çelik is as follows:

Gümüşçay Mahallesi, Menderes Bulvarı, No: 45 Merkezefendi/Denizli

The Company has three steel profile production facilities, a galvanizing factory and a service center in Aliğa. In addition, the Company has branches in İzmir, İstanbul and Denizli. Besides, Kocaer Çelik has foreign operations in the foreign market with its subsidiary, Kocaer Steel UK LTD (Former title: Mymetal LTD), which was established in England.

The detailed information and registered address of the branches and offices is as follows:

- İstanbul Branch: Levazım Mahallesi Korlu Sokak Zorlu Center Teras Evler No:307 Beşiktaş / İstanbul,
- Aliğa Branch: Yeni Foça yolu üzeri 3. km Horozgediği Köyü mevkii 19. Cadde No:1 Aliğa / İzmir,
- Aliğa Branch 2:Yeni Foça yolu üzeri 2. km Sanayi Caddesi Bozköy mevkii No:31 Aliğa / İzmir,
- Aliğa Branch 3: Yeni Foça yolu üzeri 3. km Horozgediği Köyü mevkii 19. Cadde No:1 Aliğa / İzmir,
- İzmir Alsancak Branch: Akdeniz Mahallesi Şehit Fethibey Caddesi No:55/161 Konak/İzmir,
- Teknokent Research and Development Technology Branch: Muradiye Mahallesi Celal Bayar Üniversitesi Küme Evleri Teknokent No:22 Yunusemre / Manisa,
- Galvanization and Service Center Branch: Bozköy Mahallesi Sanayi Caddesi Dış Kapı No: 31/6 Aliğa/İzmir.

As of 30 June 2026 and 31 December 2025, the principal shareholders and their respective shareholding rates in Kocaer Çelik are as follows:

Shareholders	30.06.2026		31.12.2025	
	Amount	Share (%)	Amount	Share (%)
Hakan KOCAER	1.420.836.864	74	1.420.836.864	74
Other (Listed shares)	494.163.136	26	494.163.136	26
Total share capital	1.915.000.000	100	1.915.000.000	100

The Group has applied the registered capital system in accordance with the CMB regulations and adopted to the registered capital system with the permission of the CMB on 14 April 2022 and numbered 18/589. The issued share capital of the Group has been increased by TL 1.257.430.000 to TL 1.915.000.000 and the issued share capital has been fully paid free of collusion. The capital increase was registered and announced in the Official Gazette on 28 December 2024 and numbered 11217.

The functional breakdown of the subsidiaries ("Subsidiaries") and the associates ("Associates") their country of incorporation, effective interests, nature of business and their respective business segments are as follows:

Subsidiaries	Country of incorporation	Nature of business
Yağız Nakliyat San. ve Tic.A.Ş.	Türkiye	International Road Transport
Kocaer Steel UK LTD (Former title: MYMETAL LTD)	England	Wholesale Trade of Iron and Steel Products
Kocaer Steel Ireland Limited (*)	Ireland	Wholesale Trade of Iron and Steel Products
Kocaer Enerji A.Ş. (**)	Türkiye	Energy Production
KCR Dış Ticaret A.Ş. (***)	Türkiye	Export and Import of Iron and Steel Products

(*) Kocaer Steel Ireland Limited was established on 23 November 2022 by Kocaer Steel UK LTD and included in the scope of consolidation. The share capital of Kocaer Steel Ireland Limited is amounting to EUR 100. The reason of the establishment of Kocaer Steel Ireland Limited is increasing exports in the European market. As of 30 June 2026, Kocaer Steel Ireland Limited is inactive and has not been carrying on any business or operation.

(**) Kocaer Enerji Anonim Şirketi was established on 4 July 2023 and the registration of the establishment was published in Official Gazette on 4 July 2023 and numbered 10863.

The registered address of the Kocaer Enerji is as follows:

Bozköy Mah. Sanayi Caddesi No:31/2 Aliğa/ İzmir



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Kocaer Enerji's business activities include ensuring the development of projects for producing electricity, steam and heat, to establish facilities by preparing the relevant feasibility, to produce electricity and steam energy in these facilities, and to transport the produced electricity and steam to its customers.

(***) KCR Dış Ticaret Anonim Şirketi was established on 3 May 2024 and its registration was published in th Official Gazette on 3 May 2024 and numbered 11074.

The registered address of the KCR Dış Ticaret is as follows:

Gümüşçay Mah. Menderes Bulvarı No:47 Merkezefendi/ Denizli

KCR Dış Ticaret's business activities include ensuring supply, shape, manufacture, store, trade, distribute, market, transport, import and export iron and steel products, semi-finished products and raw materials.

Country of incorporation, nature of business and respective business segments of the subsidiaries ("Subsidiaries") and the associates ("Associates") are as follows:

- 1- Yağız Nakliyat San. ve Tic. A.Ş. ("Yağız Nakliyat") was established on 18 August 1995. The registered address of Yağız Nakliyat is Menderes Bulvarı No:53 Merkez/Denizli. Yağız Nakliyat's business activities include ensuring domestic and international transportation, cargo, contracting services and commodity trading. Kocaer Çelik acquired Yağız Nakliyat in 2018. Yağız Nakliyat has been consolidated in accordance with the full consolidation method. The abovementioned consolidation has been considered as "business combination under common control" and consolidated retrospectively for the periods presented with pooling of interest method in scope of TFRS 3. Another subsidiary of the Kocaer Çelik is KCR Otomotiv and Yağız Nakliyat acquired KCR Otomotiv on 25 June 2021 through business combination. Voting rights and effective ownership interest of the Group have been disclosed in Note 2.03.
- 2- Kocaer Steel UK LTD (Former title: Mymetal LTD) was established on 14 January 2013. The registered address of My Metal is 204 Field End Road Eastcote Pinner Middlesex Ha5 1Rd London England. MY Metal's business activities include wholesale of iron and steel products. My Metal has been consolidated in accordance with the full consolidation method. Kocaer Çelik acquired My Metal in 2015. The abovementioned consolidation has been considered as "business combination under common control" in the accompanying consolidated financial statements. Voting rights and effective ownership interest of the Group have been disclosed in Note 2.03. The title of Mymetal Limited was changed and and registered as Kocaer Steel UK Limited on 29 September 2022.
- 3- Kocaer Enerji Anonim Şirketi was established on 4 July 2023 and included in the scope of consolidation. The registration of the establishment was published in Official Gazette on 4 July 2023 and numbered 10863. The registered address of the Kocaer Enerji is Bozköy Mah. Sanayi Caddesi No:31/2 Aliğa/ İzmir. Kocaer Enerji's business activities include ensuring the development of projects for producing electricity, steam and heat, to establish facilities by preparing the relevant feasibility, to produce electricity and steam energy in these facilities, and to transport the produced electricity and steam to its customers. Voting rights and effective ownership interest of the Group have been disclosed in Note 2.03. The current issued share capital of Kocaer Enerji comprise of 300.000 outstanding shares each with a nominal value of TL 1. Accordingly, current share capital of Kocaer Enerji has been increased to 600.000 outstanding shares each with a nominal value of TL 1.000 representing current share capital amounting to TL 600.000.000. The relevant decision was published in Official Gazette on 11 September 2024 and numbered 1162.
- 4- KCR Dış Ticaret Anonim Şirketi was established on 3 May 2024 and its registration eas published in th Official Gazette on 3 May 2024 and numbered 11074. The registered address of the KCR Dış Ticaret is Gümüşçay Mah. Menderes Bulvarı No:47 Merkezefendi/ Denizli. KCR Dış Ticaret's business activities include ensuring supply, shape, manufacture, store, trade, distribute, market, transport, import and export iron and steel products, semi-finished products and raw materials. Voting rights and effective ownership interest of the Group have been disclosed in Note 2.03. The current issued share capital of KCR Dış Ticaret is amounting to TL 2.000.000 which comprise of 2.000 outstanding shares each with a nominal value of TL 1.000. The amount of TL 20.000 representing 20 outstanding shares was committed to paid-in cash by Hakan Kocaer and the remaining amount of TL 1.980.000 representing 1.980 outstanding shares was committed to paid-in cash by Kocaer Çelik Sanayi ve Ticaret Anonim Şirketi. Kocaer Çelik Sanayi ve Ticaret Anonim Şirketi has paid its capital commitment during the interim reporting period.

For the purpose of the consolidated financial statements and notes to the consolidated financial statements, Kocaer Çelik and its consolidated subsidiaries and associates are hereinafter referred to as "the Group".

Total end of the interim reporting period and average number of personnel employed by Kocaer Çelik is 1.085 (31 December 2025: 1.143).

NOTE 2 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

2.01 Basis of presentation

The consolidated financial statements of the Group have been prepared in accordance with Turkish Financial Reporting Standards ("TFRS") promulgated by the Public Oversight Accounting and Auditing Standards Authority ("POA") that are set out in the 5th article of the communiqué numbered II-14.1 "Communiqué on the Principles of Financial Reporting In Capital Markets" ("the Communiqué") announced by the Capital Markets Board ("CMB") on 13 June 2013 and published in Official Gazette numbered 28676. TFRS are updated in harmony with the changes and updates in International and Accounting Standards ("IFRS") by the communiqués announced by the POA. The consolidated financial statements are presented in accordance with the TAS Taxonomy published by POA and the formats specified in the Financial Statement Examples and User Guide published by CMB in the Bulletin numbered 2013/19.

The Group and its subsidiaries and associates maintain their books of accounts and prepare their statutory financial statements in accordance with the Turkish Commercial Code ("TCC") No. 6102, tax legislation, the Uniform Chart of Accounts issued by the Ministry of Finance. The consolidated financial statements are based on the statutory records, which are maintained under historical cost conversion except for property plant and equipment including land, buildings, land improvements and plant, machinery and equipment at fair value and financial assets and

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liabilities at fair value with the required adjustments and reclassifications reflected for the purpose of fair presentation in accordance with TFRS and presented in Turkish Lira ("TL").

Foreign subsidiaries maintain their books of account in accordance with the laws and regulations in force in the countries in which they are registered. Adjustments and restatements, required for the fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in conformity with the TAS/TFRS, have been accounted for in the statutory financial statements, which are prepared in accordance with the historical cost principle in accordance with TAS/TFRS.

Reporting currency

i) Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the consolidated financial statements of the subsidiaries and associates of the Group are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates ("the functional currency"). The consolidated financial statements are presented in TL, which is Koçer Çelik's functional and presentation currency.

ii) Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions or valuation where items are remeasured. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation at period-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in the consolidated statement of other comprehensive income.

iii) Translation of the financial statements of subsidiaries and associates operating in foreign countries

Assets and liabilities of the subsidiaries operating in foreign countries are translated into TL at the exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet dates. Comprehensive income items of those subsidiaries are translated into TL using average exchange rates for the period (if the average exchange rates for the period do not reasonably reflect the exchange rate fluctuations, transactions are translated using the exchange rates prevailing at the date of the transaction). Exchange differences arising from using average and balance sheet date rates are included in "currency translation differences" under equity.

The GBP ("GBP") rates as of 30 June 2026 and 31 December 2025 and annual average rates are as follows:

	30.06.2026	31.12.2025
GBP ("GBP") - as of the balance sheet date	61.2684	57.8159
GBP ("GBP") - period average	59.7131	51.9686

2.02 Adjustments of Financial Statements in Hyperinflationary Periods

Financial Reporting in Hyperinflationary Economies

In accordance with the announcement realised by the Public Oversight Accounting and Auditing Standards Authority (the "POA") on 23 November 2023, entities applying TFRSs have started to apply inflation accounting in accordance with TAS 29 Financial Reporting in Hyperinflationary Economies for the annual reporting period beginning on or after 31 December 2023. TAS 29 is applied to the financial statements, including the consolidated financial statements, of entities whose functional currency is the currency of a hyperinflationary economy.

In accordance with the standard, financial statements prepared in the currency of a hyperinflationary economy are stated in terms of the purchasing power of that currency at the balance sheet date. For comparative purposes, comparative information in the prior period financial statements is expressed in terms of the measuring unit current at the end of the reporting period. Therefore, the Group has also presented its consolidated financial statements as at and for the interim period ended 30 June 2026 and 2025 and as at and for the year ended 31 December 2025 in terms of the purchasing power on 30 June 2026.

In accordance with the CMB's resolution No: 81/1820 on 28 December 2023, issuers and capital market institutions subject to financial reporting regulations applying Turkish Accounting/Financial Reporting Standards are required to apply inflation accounting by applying the provisions of TAS 29 beginning with the annual financial statements for the accounting periods ending on 31 December 2023.

In accordance with the CMB's decision dated 28 December 2023 and numbered 81/1820, issuers and capital market institutions subject to financial reporting regulations applying Turkish Accounting/Financial Reporting Standards shall apply inflation accounting by applying the provisions of TAS 29 starting from their annual financial reports for the accounting periods ending on 31 December 2023.

The restatement in accordance with TAS 29 has been made by using the adjustment factor derived from the Consumer Price Index ("CPI") in Türkiye published by the Turkish Statistical Institute ("TURKSTAT"). As of 30 June 2026, the indices and adjustment factors used in the restatement of the financial statements are as follows:

Date	Index	Adjustment coefficient	Three-year cumulative inflation rates
30.06.2026	129,99	1	206%
31.12.2025	110,39	1.17758	211%
30.06.2025	98,40	1.32109	220%

The main components of the Group's restatement for financial reporting purposes in hyperinflationary economies are as follows:

- The consolidated financial statements for the current period presented in TL are expressed in terms of the purchasing power of TL at the balance sheet date and the amounts for the previous reporting periods are restated in accordance with the purchasing power of TL at the end of the reporting period.



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- Monetary assets and liabilities are not restated as they are currently expressed in terms of the purchasing power at the balance sheet date. Where the inflation-adjusted carrying amounts of non-monetary items exceed their recoverable amounts or net realisable values, the provisions of TAS 36 "Impairment of Assets" and TAS 2 "Inventories" are applied, respectively.
- Non-monetary assets, liabilities and equity items that are not expressed in the current purchasing power at the statement of financial position date are restated by using the relevant adjustment factors.
- All items in the statement of comprehensive income, except for the non-monetary items in the statement of financial position that have an effect on the statement of comprehensive income, are restated by applying the coefficients calculated over the periods in which the income and expense accounts were initially recognised in the financial statements.
- The effect of inflation on the Group's net monetary asset position in the current period is recognised in the gains/(losses) on net monetary position in the consolidated statement of profit or loss.

The material influence and impact of the application of inflation accounting in accordance with TAS 29 are summarised below:

Restatement of the statement of financial position

Amounts in the statement of financial position that are not expressed in terms of the measuring unit current at the end of the reporting period are restated. Accordingly, monetary items are not restated because they are expressed in the currency of the reporting period. Non-monetary items are required to be restated unless they are expressed in terms of the currency in effect at the end of the reporting period.

The gain or loss on the net monetary position arising on restatement of non-monetary items is recognised in profit or loss and presented separately in the statement of comprehensive income.

Restatement of the statement of profit or loss

All items in the statement of profit or loss are expressed in terms of the measuring unit current at the end of the reporting period. Therefore, all amounts have been restated by applying changes in the monthly general price index.

Cost of inventories sold has been restated using the restated inventory balance. Depreciation and amortisation charges have been restated using the restated balances of property, plant and equipment, intangible assets and right-of-use assets.

Restatement of the statement of cash flows

All items in the statement of cash flows are expressed in terms of the measuring unit current at the end of the reporting period.

Consolidated financial statements

The financial statements of a subsidiary whose functional currency is the currency of a hyperinflationary economy are restated by applying the general price index before they are included in the consolidated financial statements prepared by the parent company.

Subsidiaries of the Group whose functional currency is other than Turkish Lira have been translated to the purchasing power on 30 June 2026. If financial statements with different reporting period endings are subject to consolidation, all items, whether monetary or non-monetary, are restated according to the measuring unit in effect at the date of the consolidated financial statements.

Comparative figures

Relevant figures for the prior reporting period are restated by applying the general price index so that the comparative financial statements are presented in the measuring unit applicable at the end of the reporting period. Information disclosed for prior periods is also expressed in terms of the measuring unit current at the end of the reporting period.

2.03 Basis of Consolidation and Group Accounting

After the restructuring realized by the Group management and ceasing the operations of home textile, the main and sole activities of the Group became iron, steel and transportation operations. In order to present the consolidated financial position and the results of operations, the Group prepared its consolidated financial statements comparatively with the prior period.

The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Group, and its subsidiaries from the date on which the control is transferred to the Group until the date that the control ceases. The consolidated financial statements of the entities included in the scope of consolidation have been prepared as of the date of the consolidated financial statements and have been prepared in accordance with Turkish Financial Reporting Standards ("TFRS") by applying uniform accounting policies and presentation.

Subsidiaries

The Group has control over an entity when it has existing rights that give it the current ability to direct the relevant activities, i.e. the activities that significantly affect the entity's returns. On the other hand, the Group controls an entity when it is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. In order to be consistent with accounting policies accepted by the Group, accounting policies of the subsidiaries are modified where necessary.

The statement of financial position and profit or loss of the Subsidiaries are consolidated on a line-by-line basis and the carrying value of the investment held by Kocaer Çelik and its subsidiaries is eliminated against the related equity. Intercompany transactions and balances between Kocaer Çelik and its subsidiaries are eliminated during the consolidation. The carrying value of the investment held by Kocaer Çelik and its subsidiaries is eliminated against the related equity and other equity items and non-controlling interest are reflected to the consolidated financial statements.

The non-controlling share in the net assets and results of subsidiaries for the period are separately classified as "non-controlling interest" in the consolidated statements of comprehensive income and the consolidated statements of changes in equity.



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The voting rights of the subsidiaries and their effective ownership interests are as follows:

Subsidiaries	Proportion of voting rights and effective ownership interests held by Kocaer Çelik (%)	
	30.06.2026	31.12.2025
Yağız Nakliyat San. Ve Tic. A.Ş.	90.81	90.81
Kocaer Steel UK LTD	90	90
Kocaer Enerji A.Ş.	99	99
KCR Dış Ticaret A.Ş.	99	99

Kocaer Çelik has the joint control of its subsidiaries and associates within the scope of full consolidation method including statement of financial position and profit or loss by using the shares it owns directly or indirectly, or by using the voting rights of Kocaer Family members and related parties on their behalf.

Subsidiaries are consolidated from the date on which the control is transferred to the Group and are no longer consolidated from the date that the control ceases.

Non-controlling shares in the net assets and operating results of subsidiaries are separately classified in the consolidated statements of financial position and profit or loss as "non-controlling interests".

Business combinations under common control

Legal mergers among the entities controlled by the Group are not evaluated within the scope of the "TFRS 3 (Revised) Business Combinations" standard. Accordingly, in the absence of a specifically applicable TFRS, the receiving company is required to develop its own accounting policy for business combinations under common control, applying the requirements on selecting accounting policies in TAS 8 "Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors" in accordance with the paragraphs 10 and 12 presented under "POA" which describes applications and policies regarding business combinations under common control.

The financial statements of the acquired entities have been consolidated from the beginning of the financial year in which the business combination occurs. As a result of these transactions, no goodwill or negative goodwill has been calculated. Any difference between the consideration paid and the share capital of the acquired entity are accounted under equity as "Business combinations under common control" included in retained earnings.

2.04 Comparatives and Adjustment of Prior Periods' Financial Statements

The current period financial statements of the Group include comparative financial information to enable the determination of the trends in financial position and performance.

Comparative figures are reclassified, where necessary, to conform to the changes in the presentation of the current period financial statements.

The Group prepared its consolidated statement of financial position as at 30 June 2026 on a comparative basis with consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 December 2025, and consolidated statements of profit or loss, comprehensive income, cash flows and changes in equity for the interim period 1 January – 30 June 2026 on a comparative basis with consolidated financial statements for the interim period 1 January – 30 June 2025.

2.05 Changes in Accounting Policies

Whether there are changes and errors in accounting policies and accounting estimates, the amended significant changes and the identified significant accounting errors are implemented retrospectively and the previous periods Group's consolidated financial statements are restated. Whether the changes are amended in accounting policies effect the previous periods, aforementioned policy is implemented retrospectively to the consolidated financial statements as it had been used in. There has been no changes incurred in the accounting policies during the interim reporting period.

2.06 Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors

Accounting estimates are based on reliable information and reasonable estimation methods. However, estimates are revised as a result of changes in circumstances, estimating new information or additional developments. If changes in accounting forecasts are related to only one period, amendments are made in the current period. If amendments are related to the forthcoming periods, changes are applied in both current period and forthcoming periods. The nature and amount of a change in the accounting estimate, which has a material influence on the outcome of the current period or is expected to have a material influence on subsequent periods, is disclosed in the notes to the consolidated financial statements, except when the estimation of the effect on the future periods is not possible. There are no changes in the accounting estimates and errors expected to have a material influence on the results of operations in the current period.

2.07 Offsetting

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, and the net amount is recognised in the statement of financial position when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

2.08 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accounting policies used in the preparation of the consolidated financial statements are summarised below:



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2.08.01 Revenue Recognition

The Group mainly generates revenue by producing and selling iron and steel products considered as revenue arising from product sales. Revenue is recognized when the goods or services are transferred to the customer and the performance obligation is satisfied.

Kocaer Çelik has been serving in many sectors such as energy and renewable energy, transportation, mining and tunnel, ship building, agriculture and constructional sectors by supplying customer-oriented steel products (equal angles, U and C profiles, I and H beams, round and deformed bars, mining and tunnelling profiles and fittings, square bars, flat bars) with different sizes, grades and lengths, as well as carrying out operations for product development, sales & dispatch, import/export and custom clearances.

The Group recognizes revenue when the goods or services is transferred to the customer and when performance obligation is satisfied. In accordance with TFRS 15, a five-step model is followed in recognizing revenue for all contracts with customers.

- Identification of customer contracts,
- Identification of performance obligations,
- Determination of the transaction price in the contracts,
- Allocation of transaction price to the performance obligations,
- Recognition of revenue when the performance obligations are satisfied.

A contract with a customer recognized as a revenue will be within the scope of TFRS 15 if all the following conditions are met:

- (a) the contract has been approved by the parties to the contract;
- (b) each party's rights in relation to the goods or services to be transferred can be identified;
- (c) the payment terms for the goods or services to be transferred can be identified;
- (d) the contract has commercial substance; and
- (e) it is probable that the consideration to which the entity is entitled to in exchange for the goods or services will be collected.

When assessing the collectability of a consideration, the Group considers only the customer's ability and intention to pay such consideration on time. The price that the Group will be entitled to collect may be lower than the price specified in the contract since it offers a price advantage to its customer on a customer and contract basis.

2.08.02 Inventories

Inventories are evaluated at either the lower of acquisition cost or net realizable value. Net realizable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less the estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale. Those costs also include systematically distributed costs from fixed and variable general production expenses incurred in covering direct raw material to the goods. The cost of inventories is determined by the weighted average method. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less the costs of completion and selling expenses. When the net realizable value of the inventory below its cost, the inventories are reduced to their net realizable value and the expense is reflected in the statement of profit or loss in the year in which the impairment incurred. In cases where the conditions that previously caused the inventories to be reduced to net realizable value lose their validity or there is an increase in the net realizable value due to changing economic conditions, the provision for the impairment allocated is reversed. The reversal is limited with the allocated impairment. The provision for impairment on inventories is disclosed in **Note 13**.

2.08.03 Property, plant and equipment and related depreciation

Land, buildings, land improvements and plant, machinery and equipment have been revaluated by the appraisal firm Elit Gayrimenkul Değerleme Anonim Şirketi authorized by CMB. In accordance with the appraisal report prepared by the firm on 5-13-20 December 2023 and subsequently, property, plant and equipment carried at their fair value less accumulated depreciation in the accompanying consolidated financial statements.

Property, plant and equipment except land, land improvements, buildings and machinery and equipment are carried at cost less accumulated depreciation of the purchasing power on 31 December 2004 for the items acquired before 1 January 2005 and for the items acquired as of 1 January 2005, less the accumulated depreciation in the accompanying consolidated financial statements.

Gains arising from revaluation of land, buildings, land improvements and machinery and equipment have been classified under assets and changes in the fair value (revaluation surplus) has been recognized under equity. Revaluation surplus arising from revaluation of property, plant and equipment has been initially recognised under profit or loss less impairment, if there is a depreciation related to the property, plant and equipment that was previously presented under profit or loss. The decrease in the book value arising from the revaluation of the aforementioned land, buildings and land improvements has been presented under profit or loss, if the property, plant and equipment in question exceeds the balance in the revaluation fund related to the previous revaluation.

Property, plant and equipment except land and construction in progress are carried at cost less accumulated depreciation. Depreciation is provided for property, plant and equipment on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives. Useful life, residual value and the depreciation method are constantly reviewed, and accordingly, parallels are sought between the depreciation method and the period and the useful life to be derived from the related asset.

Property, plant and equipment are reviewed for impairment losses whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the carrying amount of the asset exceeds its recoverable amount, which is the higher of the asset's net selling price or value in use. Recoverable amount of the property, plant and equipment is the higher of future net cash flows from the utilisation of this property, plant and equipment or its fair value less cost to sell.

The gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an item of property and equipment is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognized in profit or loss. In the disposal of the revalued property, plant and equipment, the revaluation fund related to the disposed property, plant and equipment is transferred to retained earnings.

Repairs and maintenance expenses are charged to the statements of profit or loss during the period in which they are incurred. The cost of major renovations is included in the carrying amount of the asset when it is probable that future economic benefits in excess of the originally assessed

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standard of performance of the existing asset will flow to the Group. Major renovations are depreciated over the remaining useful life of the related asset. All other expenses recognised in the profit or loss in the period which they incurred.

Land is not depreciated as it is deemed to have an indefinite useful life.

The depreciation periods for property, plant and equipment, which approximate the economic useful lives of such assets, are as follows:

Economic useful lives (years)

- Land	Indefinite
- Buildings	10-50
- Plant, Machinery and Equipment	0-25
- Motor Vehicles	4-10
- Furniture and Fixtures	2-50
- Leasehold Improvements	5-10

Gains or losses on disposals of property, plant and equipment are determined by comparing proceeds with their net carrying amounts and are classified under "gains/(losses) from investing activities" in the operating profit in the current period.

Repairs and maintenance expenses are charged to the statements of profit or loss during the period in which they are incurred. Machinery and equipment are capitalised and amortised when their capacity is fully available for use.

2.08.04 Intangible assets and related amortisation

Intangible assets are carried at cost value less accumulated amortization and impairment losses. These intangible assets are amortized on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives.

Useful life and the depreciation method are constantly reviewed, and accordingly, parallels are sought between the depreciation method and the period and the useful life to be derived from the related asset and recognised on prospective basis.

Rights and software recognized at their acquisition cost and these intangible assets are amortized on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives subsequently for the period between 3-10 years.

Research and development costs (R&D);

The Group started its operations regarding value-added production by establishing R&D center in its business segment in 2015 with the approval of Republic of Türkiye Ministry of Industry and Technology.

Research and development costs recognized under consolidated statement of profit or loss in the period which they incurred.

Internally generated intangible assets resulting from development activities (or the development phase of an internal project) are recognized only when all of the following conditions are met:

- The technical feasibility of completing the asset so that it will be available for use or sale.
- The intention to complete the asset and use or sell it.
- The ability to use or sell the asset.
- The asset will generate probable future economic benefits and demonstrate the existence of a market or the usefulness of the asset if it is to be used internally,
- The availability of adequate technical, financial and other resources to complete the development and to use or sell it.
- The ability to measure reliably the expenditure attributable to the intangible asset.

If an intangible item does not meet both the definition of and the criteria for recognition as an intangible asset, TAS 38 requires the expenditure on this item to be recognised as an expense when it is incurred. Development costs recognized as an expense in the prior period cannot be able to capitalized in subsequent period. Capitalized development cost is depreciated using the straight-line basis over an average of 5 years over the life of the project, with the start of commercial production of the product. Its useful life should be reviewed each reporting period to determine whether events and circumstances continue to support an indefinite useful life assessment for that asset. If they do not, the change in the useful life assessment from indefinite to finite should be accounted for as a change in an accounting estimate. The research and development activities of the Group have been suspended and the existing research and development projects are still in progress.

Gains and losses arising from the disposal of intangible assets (the difference between net cash and the carrying value), recognized under consolidated statement of profit or loss in the period of disposal of intangible assets).

Intangible assets comprise of rights, computer software and capitalized development costs.

2.08.05 Impairment of Assets

Assets with an indefinite useful life, such as goodwill, are not subject to amortization. An impairment test is applied to these assets each year. For assets subject to amortization, impairment test is applied if the book value cannot be recovered. An impairment loss is recognized if the carrying amount of the asset exceeds the recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell or value in use. For the purposes of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash flows. Non-financial assets except goodwill that suffered impairment are reviewed for possible reversal of the impairment at each reporting date.



2.08.06 Borrowing Costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, which are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, are added to the cost of those assets, until such time as the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale. The financing costs of borrowings attributable to ongoing investments are capitalised until the completion of the investments. All other borrowing costs are recognized in the consolidated statement of profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred.

2.08.07 Financial Instruments

TFRS 9 "Financial Instruments"

TFRS 9 includes requirements for recognition and measurement of financial assets and liabilities. This standard replaces TAS 39 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement.

The details of significant accounting policies and nature of changes in previous accounting policies are as follows:

i.) Classification of financial assets and liabilities under TFRS 9 largely preserves the existing requirements of TAS 39 for the classification and measurement of financial liabilities. However, the previous TAS 39 classification categories for financial assets, loans and receivables to be held to maturity financial assets and financial assets available for sale have been removed.

The application of TFRS 9 did not have a significant material influence on the Group's accounting policies for its financial liabilities and derivative financial instruments. The classification and measurement of the financial assets under TFRS 9 are as follows.

The classification of financial assets within the scope of TFRS 9 is generally based on the business model used by the enterprise for the management of financial assets and the characteristics of the contractual cash flows of the financial asset. Within the scope of the standard, the obligation to separate embedded derivatives from financial assets has been eliminated, and the classification of a hybrid contract as a whole should be considered.

A financial asset is measured at amortised cost if it meets both of the following conditions and is not designated as at FVTPL:

- it is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets to collect contractual cash flows; and
- it is its contractual terms give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

A debt instrument at FVOCI if both of the following conditions are met and the FV is not classified as measured by the difference in profit or loss:

- The retention of the financial asset based on a business model aimed at collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets;
 - The contractual terms of the financial asset lead to cash flows that include interest payments on principal and principal balance on certain dates.
- The Group may irrevocably make preference about presentation of subsequent changes in its fair value in other comprehensive income on initial recognition of non-trading equity investment. This is made separately for each investment.

All financial assets not classified as measured at amortised cost or FVOCI as described above are measured at FVTPL. This includes all derivative financial assets. On initial recognition, the Group may irrevocably designate a financial asset that otherwise meets the requirements to be measured at amortized cost or at FVOCI as at FVTPL if doing so eliminates or significantly reduces an accounting mismatch that would otherwise arise.

In the first measurement of the financial assets other than the fair value changes that are reflected to the profit or loss (except for the trade receivables that are measured at the transaction cost and not having an important financing component at the time of the financial statements), the transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition or issuance thereof are also added to the fair value.

The following accounting policies apply to the subsequent measurement of financial assets:

Financial assets at FVTPL	These assets are subsequently measured at fair value. Net gains and losses, including any interest or dividend income, are recognized in statement of profit or loss.
Financial assets at amortised cost	These assets are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method. The amortized cost is reduced by impairment losses. Interest income, foreign exchange gains and losses and impairment are recognized in profit or loss. Any gain or loss on derecognition is recognized in profit or loss.
Debt instruments at FVOCI	These assets are subsequently measured at fair value. Interest income calculated using the effective interest method, foreign exchange gains and losses and impairment are recognized in profit or loss. Other net gains and losses are recognized in OCI. On derecognition, gains and losses accumulated in OCI are reclassified to profit or loss.
Equity instruments at FVOCI	These assets are subsequently measured at fair value. Dividends are recognized as income in profit or loss unless the dividend clearly represents a recovery of part of the cost of the investment. Other net gains and losses are recognized in OCI and are never reclassified to profit or loss.



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ii) Impairment of financial assets

TFRS 9 replaces the "incurred loss" model in TAS 39 with an "expected credit loss" ("ECL") model. The new impairment model applies to financial assets measured at amortized cost, contract assets and debt investments at FVOCI, but not to investments in equity instruments. Under TFRS 9, credit losses are recognized earlier than under TAS 39.

The financial assets at amortized cost consist of trade receivables and cash and cash equivalents.

Under TFRS 9, loss allowances are measured on either of the following bases: financial assets measured at amortized cost

- Lifetime ECLs: these are ECLs that result from all possible default events over the expected life of a financial instrument and bank balances for which credit risk has not increased significantly since initial recognition;

- 12-month ECLs: these are ECLs that result from possible default events within the 12 months after the reporting date.

The Group has elected to measure loss allowances for trade receivables and contract assets at an amount equal to lifetime ECLs. When determining whether the credit risk of a financial asset has increased significantly since initial recognition and when estimating ECLs, the Group considers reasonable and supportable information that is relevant and available without undue cost or effort. This includes both quantitative and qualitative information and analysis, based on the Group's historical experience and informed credit assessment and including forward-looking information.

The Group considers a financial asset to be in default when:

- the borrower is unlikely to pay its credit obligations to the Group in full, without recourse by the Group to actions such as realizing security (if any is held).

- 360 days overdue

For determining whether a financial instrument has low credit risk, it may use other methodologies that comply with a globally accepted definition of low credit risk and take into account the type and risks of the financial instruments being evaluated.

The maximum time to be measured by the ECLs is the maximum contractual period that the Group is exposed to credit risk. ECLs are a probability-weighted estimate of credit losses. Credit losses are measured as the present value of all cash shortfalls (i.e. the difference between the cash flows due to the entity in accordance with the contract and the cash flows that the Group expects to receive).

For trade receivables, other receivables, other assets and contract assets the Group applies the simplified approach to providing for expected credit losses (TFRS 9 requires the use of the lifetime expected loss provision for all trade receivables). The expected credit losses were calculated based on actual credit loss experience over the past years.

Credit-impaired financial assets

At each reporting date, the Group assesses whether financial assets carried at amortized cost and debt securities at FVOCI are credit-impaired. A financial asset is "credit-impaired" when one or more events that have a detrimental impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset have occurred.

Presentation of impairment

Loss allowances for financial assets measured at amortized cost are deducted from the gross carrying amount of the assets. For debt securities at FVOCI, the loss allowance is recognized in OCI, instead of reducing the carrying amount of the asset.

Trade receivables

The following analysis provides further detail about the calculation of ECLs related to trade receivables and contract assets on the adoption of TFRS 9. The Group considers the model and some of the assumptions used in calculating these ECLs as key sources of estimation uncertainty. The Group performed the calculation of ECL for receivables at the reporting date and loss allowance performances in accordance with the past three year performances. Exposures within each group were segmented based on common credit risk characteristics such as credit risk grade, delinquency status, geographic region, age of relationship.

Impairment of financial assets

The Group management makes assumptions and judgments such as default risk and expected credit losses for the relevant assets when evaluating impairment on financial assets. While making these assumptions and judgments as of each balance sheet date, considering the past experiences and performances of the Group, and the current market conditions and future expectations for the market.

2.08.08 Foreign Currency Translation

Foreign currency transactions are translated into Turkish Lira using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into Turkish Lira using the exchange rates at the consolidated balance sheet date. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from trading activities (trade receivables and payables) denominated in foreign currencies of the Group operating in the non-finance sectors, have been accounted for under "other operating income/(expenses)".

The consolidated financial statements are presented in TL, which is Kocaer Çelik's functional and presentation currency. Transactions in currencies other than functional currency are recorded at the rates of exchange prevailing on the dates of the transactions. Foreign currency indexed monetary assets and liabilities are recognised at the rates of exchange prevailing on the balance sheet date. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated to functional currency as Turkish Lira using the exchange rates as at the dates of the initial transactions. Non-monetary items measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the date when the fair value was determined. Currency translation differences recognized as profit or loss in the period which they incurred.



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2.08.09 Earnings Per Share

Earnings per share disclosed in the statement of profit or loss are determined by dividing net income attributable to equity holders of the parent by the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the period concerned.

In Türkiye, companies can increase their share capital through a pro-rata distribution of shares ("bonus shares") to existing shareholders from retained earnings and inflation adjustment to equity. For the purpose of earnings per share computations, the weighted average number of shares in existence during the period has been adjusted in respect of bonus share issues without a corresponding change in resources, by giving them retroactive effect for the period in which they were issued and each earlier period as if the event had occurred at the beginning of the earliest period reported.

2.08.10 Events After the Reporting Period

Events after the reporting period are those events, favourable and unfavourable, that occur between the end of the reporting period and the date when the financial statements are authorised for issue. The Group adjusts the amounts recognised in its consolidated financial statements to reflect the adjusting events after the balance sheet date. If non-adjusting events after the balance sheet date have material influence on the economic decisions of users of the financial statements, they are disclosed in the notes to the consolidated financial statements.

2.08.11 Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate of the amount can be made. Contingent liabilities are consistently reviewed prior to the probability of any cash out-flow. In case of the cash outflow is probable, provision is allocated in the financial statements of the year the probability of contingent liability accounts is changed. A provision is recognized when the Group has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event; it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation; and reliable estimate can be made for the obligation. The amount recognized as a provision is the best estimate of the consideration required to settle the present obligation at the statement of financial position date, taking into account the risks and uncertainties surrounding the obligation.

Where the effect of the time value of money is material, the amount of provision shall be the present value of the expenditures expected to be required to settle the obligation. The discount rate reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the liability. The discount rate shall be a pre-tax rate and shall not reflect risks for which future cash flow estimates have been adjusted.

Possible assets or obligations that arise from past events and whose existence will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Group are not included in the consolidated financial statements and treated as contingent assets or liabilities.

2.08.12 Related Parties

For the purpose of these consolidated financial statements, shareholders, parents of Kocaer Çelik Sanayi ve Ticaret Anonim Şirketi, key management personnel and Board of Directors members, their close family members and the legal entities over which these related parties exercise control and significant influence, are considered and expressed as "related parties".

2.08.13 Government Grants

The Group is entitled to have personel employment and turquality incentives and rights which are considered in the scope of government grants.

2.08.14 Taxes on Income

Income tax expense (or income) is the sum of the current tax expense and the deferred tax expense (or income).

Current tax

Current year tax liability is calculated over the taxable profit for the period. Taxable profit differs from profit as recognised in the statement of profit or loss because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it excludes items that cannot be taxed or deducted. The Group's liability for current tax is calculated using legal statutory tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are determined by calculating the temporary differences between the amounts presented in the financial statements and the amounts considered in the statutory tax base in accordance with the balance sheet method. Deferred tax liabilities are recognized for all taxable temporary differences, whereas deferred tax assets resulting from deductible temporary differences are recognized to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary difference can be utilized. Deferred tax liability or asset is not calculated in respect of temporary timing differences arising from the initial recognition of assets or liabilities other than goodwill or business combinations and which do not affect both commercial and financial profit /loss.

Deferred tax liabilities are calculated for all taxable temporary differences related to the investments in subsidiaries and associates and shares in joint ventures, except in cases where the Group is able to control the discontinuation of temporary differences and in the near future it is unlikely that such difference will be eliminated. Deferred tax assets resulting from taxable temporary differences related to such investments and shares are calculated on the condition that it is highly probable that future taxable profit will be available and that it is probable that future differences will be eliminated.

The carrying amount of the deferred tax asset is reviewed at each balance sheet date. The carrying amount of a deferred tax asset is reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that financial profit will be available to allow the benefit of some or that entire amount.



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Deferred tax assets and liabilities are calculated over the tax rates that are expected to be valid in the period when the assets are realized or the liabilities are fulfilled and legalized or substantially legalized as of the balance sheet date (tax regulations). During the calculation of deferred tax assets and liabilities, the tax consequences of the methods that the Group expects to recover or settle the carrying amount of the assets as of the balance sheet date are taken into consideration

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognized when there is a legal right to offset current tax assets and current tax liabilities, or if such assets and liabilities are associated with the income tax collected by the same tax authority, or if the Group intends to pay off the current tax assets and liabilities.

Current and deferred tax for the period

The deferred tax, other than those directly attributable to debt or liability recognized in equity (in which case deferred tax is recognized directly in equity) or deferred tax, other than those arising from initial recognition of business combinations, is recognized as income or expense in the statement of profit or loss. In business combinations, the tax effect is taken into consideration in the calculation of goodwill or in determining the part of the purchaser that exceeds the acquisition cost of the share of the acquiree's identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities in the fair value.

The taxes included in the consolidated financial statements include current period tax and the change in deferred taxes. The Group calculates current and deferred tax on the results for the period.

Offsetting in tax assets and liabilities

The amount of corporate tax payable is netted because it is related to prepaid corporate tax amounts. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are also offset in the same way.

2.08.15 Provision for Employment Termination Benefits

The provision for employment termination benefits, as required by Turkish Labour Law represents the present value of the future probable obligation of the Group arising from the retirement of its employees based on the actuarial projections. TAS 19 "Employee Benefits" requires actuarial assumptions (net discount rate, turnover rate to estimate the probability of retirement etc.) to estimate the entity's obligation for employment termination benefits. The effects of differences between the actuarial assumptions and the actual outcome together with the effects of changes in actuarial assumptions compose the actuarial gains/(losses) and recognised under consolidated statement of other comprehensive income.

In the accompanying consolidated financial statements, termination benefits is recognised as the amount calculated by discounting the future obligations at the balance sheet date using the appropriate interest rate adjusted for the inflation rate.

2.08.16 Statement of Cash Flows

Cash and cash equivalents are carried at cost in the consolidated statement of financial position. Cash flows during the period are classified and reported by operating, investing and financing activities in the cash flow statements. Cash flows from operating activities represent the cash flows generated from the Group's activities such as cash on hand, bank deposits and highly-liquid investments.

Cash flows from investing activities represent the cash flows that are used in or provided from the investing activities of the Group (property, plant and equipment, intangible assets and financial assets).

Cash flows from financing activities represent the cash proceeds from the financing activities of the Group and the repayments of these funds.

2.08.17 Investment Properties

Investment properties that are held in the production of supply of goods or services or for administrative purposes or for long term rental yields or for capital appreciation or both rather than for the sale in the ordinary course of business are classified as "investment property". Investment properties are measured initially at cost, including transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, investment properties are stated at fair value, which reflects market conditions at the balance sheet date. Daily repair and maintenance is not included in the aforementioned costs. Gains or losses arising from changes in the fair values of investment properties are included in the statement of profit or loss in the year in which they arise. Investment properties are derecognized when either they have been disposed of or when the investment property is permanently withdrawn from use and no future economic benefit is expected from its disposal. Any gains or losses on the retirement or disposal of an investment property are recognized in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income in the year of retirement or disposal.

Investment properties has been revaluated by the appraisal firm Elit Gayrimenkul Değerleme Anonim Şirketi authorized by CMB. In accordance with the appraisal report prepared by the firm, investment properties carried at their fair value on 22-31 January 2025 and 21 January 2026 in the accompanying consolidated financial statements for the interim period ended 30 June 2026. The detailed information regarding investment properties is disclosed under Note 17.

2.08.18 Leases

The Group has measured its right-of-use assets on a basis equivalent to the lease liability, adjusted for prepaid or accrued lease payments. The Group has elected to use the following simplifying treatments:

- The Group has applied a single discount rate to a portfolio of leases with reasonably certain in nature.
- As an alternative to reviewing the impairment, the Group has made its assessment of whether the leases are economically disadvantaged or not by applying TAS 37 "Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets" just before the initial transition.
- The Group has applied previous performance, trends and experiences for determining the lease term for lease contracts that include terminate and extension options.



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The Group recognises a right-of-use asset and a lease liability at the commencement date of the lease following the consideration of the above mentioned factors. At the commencement date, the Group measures the right-of-use asset at cost. The cost of the right-of-use asset comprises:

- a) The amount of the initial measurement of the lease liability,
- b) Any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, less any lease incentives received,
- c) Any initial direct costs incurred by the Group, and
- d) An estimate of costs to be incurred by the Group in dismantling and removing the underlying asset, restoring the site on which it is located or restoring the underlying asset to the condition required by the terms and conditions of the lease (unless those costs are incurred to produce inventories).

When applying the cost model, the Group measures the right-of-use asset at cost:

- a) Less any accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses; and
- b) Adjusted for any remeasurement of the lease liability.

The Group applies the depreciation requirements in TAS 16 "Property, Plant and Equipment" in depreciating the right-of-use asset. In the event that the supplier transfers the ownership of the underlying asset to the Group at the end of the lease term or if the cost of use rights indicates that the Group will use a purchase option, the Group depreciates the right of use asset from the effective date of the lease to the end of the useful life of the underlying asset. In other cases, the Group depreciates the right of use assets on the basis of the shorter of the useful life or the lease term of the asset, starting from the effective date of the lease.

The Group applies TAS 36 "Impairment of Assets" to determine whether the right-of-use asset is impaired and to account for any impairment loss identified.

At the commencement date, the Group measures the lease liability at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at that date. The lease payments are discounted by using the interest rate implicit in the lease, if that rate can be readily determined, or by using the Group's incremental borrowing rate.

The lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability comprise the following payments for the right to use the underlying asset during the lease term that are not paid at the commencement date:

- a) Fixed payments, less any lease incentives receivable,
- b) Variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, initially measured using the index or rate as at the commencement date,
- c) The exercise price of a purchase option if the Group is reasonably certain to exercise that option; and
- d) Payments of penalties for terminating the lease, if the lease term reflects the lessee exercising an option to terminate the lease.

After the commencement date, the Group measures the lease liability by:

- a) Increasing the carrying amount to reflect interest on the lease liability,
- b) Reducing the carrying amount to reflect the lease payments made, and
- c) Remeasuring the carrying amount to reflect any reassessment or lease modifications. The Group recognises the amount of the remeasurement of the lease liability as an adjustment to the right-of-use asset.

The interest on the lease liabilities for each period in the lease term is the amount found by applying a fixed periodic interest rate to the remaining balance of the lease liabilities. The periodic interest rate, if easily determined, is the implied interest rate on the lease. If this rate cannot be easily determined, the Group uses the Group's incremental borrowing interest rate.

After the effective date of the lease, the Group remeasures the lease liabilities to reflect changes in lease payments. The Group reflects the remeasurement amount of the lease liabilities to the consolidated financial statements as an adjustment to the right of use assets.

The Group remeasures its lease liabilities by deducting the adjusted lease payments at a revised discount rate if either of the following conditions occurs:

- (a) A change in the lease term. The Group determines adjusted lease payments based on the adjusted lease term.
- (b) A change in these payments as a result of an index or rate change used to determine future lease payments. The Group remeasures the lease liabilities to reflect the adjusted lease payments only when there is a change in cash flows.

The Group calculates the adjusted discount rate for the remainder of the lease term if the implicit interest rate in the lease can be easily determined; if it cannot be easily determined, the Group determines the alternative borrowing interest rate at the date of the revaluation.

The Group remeasures its lease liabilities by reducing the adjusted lease payments if either of the following conditions incurred:

- (a) Changes in the amounts expected to be paid under a residual value commitment. The Group determines the adjusted lease payments to reflect the change in the amounts expected to be paid under the residual value commitment.
- (b) A change in these payments as a result of an index or rate change used to determine future lease payments. The Group remeasures the lease liabilities to reflect the adjusted lease payments only when there is a change in cash flows.

The Group determines the adjusted lease payments for the remaining lease term based on the adjusted contractual payments. In this case, the Group uses an unchanged discount rate.

The Group recognizes the restructuring of the lease as a separate lease if both of the following conditions are met:

- (a) The restructuring shall extend the scope of the lease by adding the right of use on one or more underlying assets; and
- (b) The increase in the lease amount by the appropriate price adjustment to reflect the price of the increase alone and the terms of the relevant contract.



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Right of use assets of the Group is disclosed under **Note 14**.

Group - as a lessor

The Group classifies each of the leases as operating leases or finance leases. A lease is classified as a finance lease when all risks and gains of ownership of the underlying asset are substantially transferred. A lease is classified as an operating lease if all risks and gains of ownership of the underlying asset are not substantially transferred. For a contract that includes one or more additional leasing components or not carrying a component, the Group distributes the contractual value by applying TFRS 15 "Revenue from Contracts with Customers".

2.09 Significant Accounting Judgements, Estimates and Assumptions

The preparation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with TFRS requires management to make estimates and assumptions that are reflected in the measurement of income and expense in the statement of profit or loss and in the carrying value of assets and liabilities in the statement of financial position, and in the disclosure of information in the notes to the financial statements. Managements do exercise judgment and make use of information available at the date of the preparation of the financial statements in making these estimates. The actual future results from operations in respect of the areas where these judgments and estimates have been made may in reality be different than those estimates.

The key assumptions concerning the future and other key resources of estimation at the balance sheet date, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year and the significant judgments (apart from those involving estimations) with the most significant effect on amounts recognized in the consolidated financial statements are as follows:

a) Provision for employment termination benefits is determined by using actuarial assumptions (discount rates, future salary increases and employee exit rates) (**Note 24**).

b) The Group has been applied revaluation model on property, plant and equipment and investment properties in the accompanying consolidated financial statements. The fair value of property, plant and equipment and investment properties have been determined by appraisal firm authorized by CMB (**Note 17 and 18**).

c) The Group depreciates its property, plant and equipment and intangible assets on a straight-line basis over their useful lives. Expected useful life residual value and amortization method are reviewed every year for possible effects of changes in estimates and are accounted for prospectively if there is a change in estimates (**Note 2.08.03-2.08.04**).

d) On the provision for lawsuits, the probability of losing these cases regarding collecting the receivables and the consequences to be faced if these cases are lost evaluated in accordance with the opinions of the Group's legal counsel as of 30 June 2026 and 31 December 2025 (**Note 22**).

e) In determining the impairment of trade receivables, creditworthiness of debtors, past payment performances and restructuring conditions, collaterals of mortgages and receivable insurance amounts taken into consideration (**Note 10**).

f) The Group has calculated the deferred tax in accordance with TAS and TFRS and reflected to the consolidated financial statements (**Note 35**).

g) The physical properties of the inventories and the past are examined in relation to the inventory impairment, the availability of the personnel is determined according to the opinions of the technical personnel and provision is made for the items that are estimated to be unavailable. Average sales prices are used to determine the net realizable value of inventories and provision for impairment is allocated in the accompanying consolidated financial statements when net realizable value is below the cost. The information about the inventory impairment that has been presented as of the balance sheet date is given in **Note 13**.

2.10 Dividends

Common shares are classified as equity. Dividends on common shares are recognized in equity less retained earnings in the period in which they are approved and declared less retained earnings.

2.11 Going Concern

As of 30 June 2026, the Group has prepared its consolidated financial statements with the assumption on the Group's ability to continue its operations in the foreseeable future as a going concern basis of accounting.

2.12 New and Revised Turkish Financial Reporting Standards

New and revised standards and interpretations

The accounting policies adopted in the preparation of the consolidated financial statements as at and for the interim period ended 30 June 2026 have been consistently applied with those used in the previous year, except for the new and amended TAS/TFRS and interpretations effective as of 1 January 2026, which are summarized below. The effects of these standards and interpretations on the Group's financial position and performance are disclosed in the related paragraphs.

i) The new standards, amendments and interpretations and interpretations to the existing previous standards which are effective as of 1 January 2026 are as follows:

Amendments to TFRS 9 and TFRS 7 – Classification and measurement of financial instruments

On 10 August 2025, the POA issued amendments to the classification and measurement of financial instruments (amendments to TFRS 9 and TFRS 7). The amendment clarifies that a financial liability is derecognised on the 'settlement date'. It also introduces an accounting policy option to derecognise financial liabilities that are settled through an electronic payment system before settlement date if certain conditions are met. The amendment also clarified how to assess the contractual cash flow characteristics of financial assets that include environmental, social and governance (ESG)-linked features and other similar contingent features as well as the treatment of non-recourse assets and contractually linked instruments. Additional disclosures in TFRS 7 for financial assets and liabilities with contractual terms that reference a contingent event (including those that are ESG-linked), and equity instruments classified at fair value through other comprehensive income are added with the



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amendment. The amendment will be effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2026. Entities can early adopt the amendments that relate to the classification of financial assets plus the related disclosures and apply the other amendments later. The new requirements will be applied retrospectively with an adjustment to opening retained earnings. The Group is in the process of assessing the material influence of the amendments on the consolidated financial position or performance of the Group.

Contracts Referencing Nature-dependent Electricity—Amendments to TFRS 9 and TFRS 7

On 10 August 2025, the POA issued the amendment "Contracts for Electricity Generated from Natural Resources" (related to TFRS 9 and TFRS 7). The amendment clarifies the application of the "own use" exception and permits hedge accounting when such contracts are used as hedging instruments. The amendment also introduces new disclosure requirements to help investors understand the impact of these contracts on an entity's financial performance and cash flows. The amendment is not applicable for the Group and has no material influence on the consolidated financial position or performance of the Group.

Annual Improvements to TAS/TFRS Accounting Standards - Amendment 11

On 27 September 2025, the POA issued "Annual Improvements to TAS/TFRS Accounting Standards /Amendment 11" published in the Official Gazette with the following amendments:

- TFRS 1 First-time Adoption of International Financial Reporting Standards - Hedge accounting by a first-time adopter: The amendment is intended to eliminate potential confusion caused by the inconsistency between the wording in TFRS 1 and the hedge accounting requirements in TFRS 9.
- TFRS 7 Financial Instruments: Disclosures - Gains or losses on derecognition: TFRS 7 amends the wording of unobservable inputs and adds a reference to TFRS 13.
- TFRS 9 Financial Instruments - Transaction price when the lease liability is derecognized by the lessee: TFRS 9 has been amended to clarify that when the lease liability is extinguished for the lessee, the lessee is required to apply the derecognition provisions in TFRS 9 and the resulting gain or loss is recognized in profit or loss. TFRS 9 has also been amended to remove the reference to "transaction price".
- TFRS 10 Consolidated Financial Statements - Identifying the "de facto agent": Amendments to TFRS 10 to remove inconsistencies in paragraphs.
- TAS 7 Statement of Cash Flows - Cost method: The wording in the Standard has been deleted following the removal of "cost method" in previous amendments.

The amendments will be effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2026, and early application permitted.

The Group is in the process of assessing the material influence of the amendments on the consolidated financial position or performance of the Group.

ii) Standards issued but not yet effective and not early adopted

Standards, interpretations and amendments to existing standards that are issued but not yet effective and applied by the Group up to the date of issuance of the consolidated financial statements are as follows. The Group will make the necessary changes if not indicated otherwise, which will be affecting the consolidated financial statements and disclosures, when the new standards and interpretations become effective.

Amendments to TFRS 10/TAS 28 — Sales or contributions of assets between an investor and its associate/joint venture

In December 2017, the POA postponed the effective date of this amendment indefinitely pending the outcome of its research project on the equity method of accounting. Early application of the amendments is still permitted. The Group will assess the effects of the amendments after the new standards have been finalized.

Amendments to TAS 21 Translation to a Hyperinflationary Presentation Currency

Consequent to the amendments "Translation to a Hyperinflationary Presentation Currency" published by the POA in the Official Gazette on 14 April 2026, the translation requirements from a non-hyperinflationary functional currency to a hyperinflationary presentation currency under "TAS 21 The Effects of Changes in Foreign Exchange Rates" have been revised. Under the relevant amendments, an entity whose functional currency is not the currency of a hyperinflationary economy but whose presentation currency is the currency of a hyperinflationary economy (e.g., Turkish Lira) is required to translate all assets, liabilities, equity items, income, and expenses, including comparative amounts, at the closing rate at the date of the most recent statement of financial position. Conversely, an entity whose functional and presentation currencies are both hyperinflationary shall restate the comparative amounts of a foreign operation that has a non-hyperinflationary functional currency by applying a general price index in accordance with TAS 29. The amendment also introduces additional disclosure obligations and are effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2027, and early adoption permitted.

The Group is in the process of assessing the material influence of the amendments on the consolidated financial position or performance of the Group.

TFRS 17 - The new Standard for insurance contracts

The POA issued TFRS 17 in February 2019, a comprehensive new accounting standard for insurance contracts covering recognition and measurement, presentation and disclosure. TFRS 17 model combines a current balance sheet measurement of insurance contract liabilities with the recognition of profit over the period that services are provided. The mandatory effective date of the Standard postponed to accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2027 with the announcement made by the POA.

The Group is in the process of assessing the material influence of the amendments on the consolidated financial position or performance of the Group.

TFRS 18 Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements

The standard is effective from annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2027 and published in the Official Gazette on 8 May 2025. This is the new standard on presentation and disclosure in financial statements, with a focus on updates to the statement of profit or loss. The key new concepts introduced in TFRS 18 relate to:

- the structure of the statement of profit or loss;



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- required disclosures in the financial statements for certain profit or loss performance measures that are reported outside an entity's financial statements (that is, management-defined performance measures); and
- enhanced principles on aggregation and disaggregation which apply to the primary financial statements and notes in general.

The Group is in the process of assessing the material influence of the standard on the consolidated financial position or performance of the Group.

TFRS 19 – Subsidiaries without Public Accountability: Disclosures

TFRS 19 – Subsidiaries without Public Accountability: Disclosures ("TFRS 19") was published in the Official Gazette on 10 August 2025. It is effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2027. Early application is permitted. The standard aims to reduce the disclosure requirements in TAS/TFRS for subsidiaries covered by its scope. Under TFRS 19, businesses that are not subject to public accountability and are themselves subsidiaries are expected to apply the simplified disclosure provisions set out in TFRS 19 instead of the disclosure provisions in other TAS/TFRS. This aims to reduce the reporting obligations of these businesses in terms of disclosure provisions. The application of TFRS 19 is not mandatory and is left to the discretion of the entity.

A subsidiary meets the relevant conditions in the following circumstances:

- It is a non-public subsidiary or a subsidiary whose capital market instruments are not traded on a stock exchange, or
- It has a parent or intermediate parent that produces financial statements in accordance with TAS/TFRS that are available to the public.

The standard has no material influence on the financial position or performance of the Group.

NOTE 3 – BUSINESS COMBINATIONS

Business combination transactions with non-controlling interests

As of 30 June 2026 and 31 December 2025, the Group has no acquisitions under business combinations in accordance with TFRS 3.

Business combinations under common control

Legal mergers among the entities controlled by the Group are not evaluated within the scope of the "TFRS 3 (Revised) Business Combinations" standard. Accordingly, in the absence of a specifically applicable TFRS, the receiving company is required to develop its own accounting policy for business combinations under common control, applying the requirements on selecting accounting policies in TAS 8 "Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors" in accordance with the paragraphs 10 and 12 presented under "POA" which describes applications and policies regarding business combinations under common control.

The financial statements of the acquired entities have been consolidated from the beginning of the financial year in which the business combination occurs. As a result of these transactions, no goodwill or negative goodwill has been calculated. Any difference between the consideration paid and the share capital of the acquired entity are accounted under equity as "Business combinations under common control" included in retained earnings.

NOTE 4 - DISCLOSURE OF INTERESTS IN OTHER ENTITIES

None.

NOTE 5 - SEGMENT REPORTING

The reportable segments of Kocaer Çelik have been organized by the Group management which are strategic businesses that present various products and services. Those segments include steel, transportation, energy, foreign trade and various other sectors.

Operating segments which have been prepared in accordance with the reportable segments of Kocaer Çelik for the interim periods ended 30 June 2026 and 2025 are as follows:

30.06.2026	Steel	Transportation	Energy	Foreign trade – Kcr Dış Ticaret	Elimination/ Adjustments	Total
Revenue	12.553.658.238	176.095.286	92.063	4.785.797.771	(5.930.806.905)	11.584.836.453
Cost of Sales (-)	(10.274.411.058)	(165.351.452)	-	(4.642.229.216)	5.930.959.905	(9.151.031.821)
Gross Profit from Non-Finance Sector Operations	2.279.247.180	10.743.834	92.063	143.568.555	153.000	2.433.804.632
GROSS PROFIT	2.279.247.180	10.743.834	92.063	143.568.555	153.000	2.433.804.632
Marketing, Sales and Distribution Expenses (-)	(703.021.224)	-	-	(2.457.649)	-	(705.478.873)
General Administrative Expenses (-)	(228.523.840)	(4.061.122)	(135.448)	(17.285.830)	-	(250.006.240)
Research and Development Expenses (-)	(46.771.249)	-	-	-	-	(46.771.249)
Other Operating Income	862.084.958	180.382	34.190	4.475.138	(161.290.642)	705.484.026
Other Operating Expenses (-)	(1.120.987.152)	(323.866)	(287.848)	(161.396.415)	161.137.642	(1.121.857.639)
OPERATING PROFIT	1.042.028.673	6.539.228	(297.043)	(33.096.201)	-	1.015.174.657
Gains from investment activities	677.023.292	-	-	-	-	677.023.292
Losses from investment activities (-)	(39.425.391)	-	-	-	-	(39.425.391)
OPERATING PROFIT BEFORE FINANCIAL INCOME/(EXPENSE)	1.679.626.574	6.539.228	(297.043)	(33.096.201)	-	1.652.772.558
Financial Income	26.376.932	43.704	83.449	45.567.739	-	72.071.824
Financial Expenses (-)	(1.049.600.967)	(13.898)	-	(4.936.387)	-	(1.054.551.252)
Net Monetary Position Gains/(Losses)	(178.813.386)	(6.860.030)	66.198.836	(3.257.543)	-	(122.732.123)
PROFIT BEFORE TAX	477.589.153	(290.996)	65.985.242	4.277.608	-	547.561.007



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30.06.2025

	Steel	Transportation	Energy	Foreign trade – Ker Dış Ticaret	Elimination/ Adjustments	Total
Revenue	14.447.967.862	185.439.117	183.498	6.736.175.013	(7.477.747.282)	13.892.018.208
Cost of Sales (-)	(11.600.970.427)	(170.883.792)	-	(6.697.589.031)	7.431.244.348	(11.038.198.902)
Gross Profit from Non-Finance Sector Operations	2.846.997.435	14.555.325	183.498	38.585.982	(46.502.934)	2.853.819.306
GROSS PROFIT	2.846.997.435	14.555.325	183.498	38.585.982	(46.502.934)	2.853.819.306
Marketing, Sales and Distribution Expenses (-)	(880.212.358)	-	-	(4.151.610)	-	(884.363.968)
General Administrative Expenses (-)	(271.575.376)	(3.052.383)	(474.593)	(13.975.555)	913.021	(288.164.886)
Research and Development Expenses (-)	(9.705.001)	-	-	-	-	(9.705.001)
Other Operating Income	909.880.391	1.141.586	-	281.532.011	(5.782.012)	1.186.771.976
Other Operating Expenses (-)	(926.597.428)	(1.897.162)	(245.242)	(298.440.334)	4.868.991	(1.222.311.175)
OPERATING PROFIT	1.668.787.663	10.747.366	(536.337)	3.550.494	(46.502.934)	1.636.046.252
Gains from investment activities	286.154.876	-	-	-	-	286.154.876
Losses from investment activities (-)	(49.412.920)	(50.457)	-	-	-	(49.463.377)
OPERATING PROFIT BEFORE FINANCIAL INCOME/(EXPENSE)	1.905.529.619	10.696.909	(536.337)	3.550.494	(46.502.934)	1.872.737.751
Financial Income	109.150.578	3.230	244.631	8.644	-	109.407.083
Financial Expenses (-)	(1.519.098.832)	(4.852)	(587.740)	(1.412.426)	-	(1.521.103.850)
Net Monetary Position Gains/(Losses)	(1.709.546)	(8.894.060)	204.258.266	(3.171.109)	(34.254.103)	156.229.448
PROFIT BEFORE TAX	493.871.819	1.801.227	203.378.820	(1.024.397)	(80.757.037)	617.270.432

NOTE 6 - CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

As of 30 June 2026 and 31 December 2025, the functional breakdown of cash and cash equivalents is as follows:

Account Name	30.06.2026	31.12.2025
Cash on hand	23.771	23.086
Banks	4.861.405.906	5.057.244.657
- Demand deposits	2.492.242.062	2.500.744.951
- Time deposits	2.369.163.844	2.556.499.706
Cash and cash equivalents, net	4.861.429.677	5.057.267.743

As of 30 June 2026 and 31 December 2025, the functional breakdown of cash on hand is as follows:

		30.06.2026	31.12.2025	
Cash on hand	Original currency amount	TL equivalent	Original currency amount	TL equivalent
TL	23.771	23.771	23.086	23.086
Total		23.771		23.086

As of 30 June 2026 and 31 December 2025, the functional breakdown of banks is as follows:

		30.06.2026	31.12.2025	
Banks	Original currency amount	TL equivalent	Original currency amount	TL equivalent
TL	2.396.315.233	2.396.315.233	2.574.888.568	2.574.888.568
USD	28.303.720	1.317.682.510	34.448.501	1.738.775.853
EUR	16.439.791	872.870.694	7.761.730	461.153.016
GBP	4.468.354	274.537.469	4.148.217	282.427.220
Total		4.861.405.906		5.057.244.657

As of 30 June 2026 and 31 December 2025, the breakdown of time deposits including the maturity analysis and annual effective interest rates is as follows:

	30.06.2026		31.12.2025	
Banks	Original currency amount	Annual effective interest rate (%)	Original currency amount	Annual effective interest rate (%)
TL	2.369.163.844	37 - 40	2.556.499.706	37 – 40.5
Total	2.369.163.844		2.556.499.706	

	30.06.2026	31.12.2025
Maturity		
1-30 days	2.369.163.844	2.556.499.706
Total	2.369.163.844	2.556.499.706

As of 30 June 2026 and 31 December 2025, the Group has no blocked deposits.

NOTE 7 - FINANCIAL INVESTMENTS

As of 30 June 2026 and 31 December 2025, the breakdown and details of short-term financial investments are as follows:

Account Name	30.06.2026	31.12.2025
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	1.168.836.678	1.040.051.639
Short-term financial investments, net	1.168.836.678	1.040.051.639

(*) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss comprise of equity securities and fund accounts. These relevant accounts are carried at their fair value in the accompanying consolidated financial statements as of 30 June 2026.

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As of 30 June 2026 and 31 December 2025, the breakdown and details of long-term financial investments are as follows:

Account Name	30.06.2026	31.12.2025
Kocaer Steel Ireland Limited (*)	7.183	7.183
Long-term financial investments, net	7.183	7.183

(*) Kocaer Steel Ireland Limited was established on 23 November 2022 by Kocaer Steel UK LTD and included in the scope of consolidation. The share capital of Kocaer Steel Ireland Limited is amounting to EUR 100. The reason of the establishment of Kocaer Steel Ireland Limited is increasing exports in the European market. As of 30 June 2026, Kocaer Steel Ireland Limited is inactive and has not been carrying on any business or operation.

NOTE 8 – BORROWINGS

As of 30 June 2026 and 31 December 2025, the detailed analysis of short-term borrowings is as follows:

Account Name	30.06.2026	31.12.2025
Bank borrowings	6.701.795.917	5.689.548.610
Finance lease liabilities	-	9.026.829
Lease liabilities	13.130.332	15.183.910
Other	11.467.690	27.797.418
Short-term borrowings, net	6.726.393.939	5.741.556.767

As of 30 June 2026 and 31 December 2025, the breakdown of short-term portion of long-term borrowings is as follows:

Account Name	30.06.2026	31.12.2025
Principal and interest installments of long-term borrowings	202.387.192	227.679.222
Short-term portion of long-term borrowings, net	202.387.192	227.679.222

As of 30 June 2026 and 31 December 2025, the detailed analysis of long-term borrowings is as follows:

Account Name	30.06.2026	31.12.2025
Bank borrowings	1.304.785.203	2.250.376.549
Lease liabilities	209.913.469	250.273.441
Long-term borrowings, net	1.514.698.672	2.500.649.990

The repayment schedule of borrowings is as follows:

Bank borrowings (Loans)	30.06.2026	31.12.2025
0-3 months	2.233.047.309	1.733.976.188
4-12 months	4.682.603.490	4.211.049.062
13-36 months	1.304.785.203	2.250.376.549
Total	8.220.436.002	8.195.401.799
Finance lease liabilities	30.06.2026	31.12.2025
0-3 months	-	6.797.197
4-12 months	-	2.229.632
Total	-	9.026.829
Lease liabilities	30.06.2026	31.12.2025
0-3 months	4.190.198	2.055.633
4-12 months	8.940.134	13.128.277
13-36 months	209.913.469	250.273.441
Total	223.043.801	265.457.351

The annual effective interest rates of borrowings in terms of currencies are as follows:

30.06.2026			
Currency	Original currency amount	TL equivalent (Valuation)	Annual effective interest rate (%)
TL	4.557.148.618	4.557.148.618	18.82-26.58
EUR	39.135.540	2.084.437.141	4.60 - 5.98
USD	22.374.264	1.045.518.011	6.20-6.50
GBP	8.704.850	533.332.232	7.50
Total		8.220.436.002	

31.12.2025			
Currency	Original currency amount	TL equivalent (Valuation)	Annual effective interest rate (%)
TL	3.127.290.613	3.127.290.613	19.32-22
EUR	44.884.804	2.666.708.349	4 - 6
USD	34.648.312	1.753.961.476	4.65-5.60
GBP	9.509.449	647.441.361	7.50
Total		8.195.401.799	

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The annual effective interest rates of finance leases in terms of currencies are as follows:

31.12.2025

Currency	Original currency amount	TL equivalent (Valuation)	Annual effective interest rate (%)
USD	178.319	9.026.829	8
Total		9.026.829	

NOTE 9 - OTHER FINANCIAL LIABILITIES

None.

NOTE 10 - TRADE RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

As of 30 June 2026 and 31 December 2025, the breakdown of short-term trade receivables is as follows:

Account Name	30.06.2026	31.12.2025
Trade Receivables from Third Parties	4.254.191.452	4.607.126.170
-Customers	4.269.563.743	4.550.149.853
-Notes receivables	2.055.095	78.889.614
-Discount on notes receivables	(17.427.386)	(21.913.297)
- Doubtful trade receivables	14.026.590	29.972.067
- Provision for doubtful trade receivables (-)	(14.026.590)	(29.972.067)
Short-term trade receivables, net	4.254.191.452	4.607.126.170

As of 30 June 2026, the average turnover period for trade receivables is 69 days (31 December 2025: 72 days).

The movements of provision for doubtful trade receivables are as follows:

	01.01.2026	01.01.2025
	30.06.2026	30.06.2025
Beginning of the period – 1 January	29.971.990	27.352.210
Additions	2.887.028	9.878.464
Provisions no longer required	(14.776.760)	(6.708.900)
Inflation adjustments	(4.055.668)	(4.055.614)
End of the period – 30 June	14.026.590	26.466.160

The Group has been organized its sales mainly from according to customers orders. A significant portion of domestic and foreign sales are made under the scope of receivables insurance, and foreign sales are made within the scope of confirmed letter of credit. Accordingly, the Group mitigates the risk arising from its sales with avoiding losses on cash flow.

As of 30 June 2026 and 31 December 2025, the Group has no long-term trade receivables.

As of 30 June 2026 and 31 December 2025, the breakdown of short-term trade payables is as follows:

Account Name	30.06.2026	31.12.2025
Trade Payables to Third Parties	6.188.909.725	5.238.405.060
- Suppliers	6.188.909.725	5.238.405.060
Short-term trade payables, net	6.188.909.725	5.238.405.060

As of 30 June 2026, the average turnover period for trade payables is 112 days (31 December 2025: 111 days).

As of 30 June 2026 and 31 December 2025, the Group has no long-term trade payables.

NOTE 11 - OTHER RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

As of 30 June 2026 and 31 December 2025, the detailed analysis of short-term other receivables is as follows:

Account Name	30.06.2026	31.12.2025
Other Receivables from Third Parties	359.984.538	223.854.414
- Deposits and guarantees given	13.685.775	12.946.050
- Due from tax office	324.227.699	203.877.555
- Due from employee	6.488.883	6.240.490
- Other	15.582.181	790.319
Other Receivables from Related Parties (Note 37)	47.625.234	129.124.395
Short-term other receivables, net	407.609.772	352.978.809



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As of 30 June 2026 and 31 December 2025, the details of long-term other receivables are as follows:

Account Name	30.06.2026	31.12.2025
Other Receivables from Third Parties	7.848.123	7.848.138
- Deposits and guarantees given	7.848.123	7.848.138
Other Receivables from Related Parties (Note 37)	237.321.716	61.622.104
- Related parties	565.625.000	136.160.000
- Discount on notes receivables from related parties	(328.303.284)	(74.537.896)
Long-term other receivables, net	245.169.839	69.470.242

As of 30 June 2026 and 31 December 2025, the details of short-term other payables are as follows:

Account Name	30.06.2026	31.12.2025
Other Payables to Third Parties	285.282.964	227.327.510
- Other liabilities	303.252	321.560
- Taxes payable	283.704.282	225.786.627
- Other payables	1.275.430	1.219.323
Other Payables to Related Parties (Note 37)	9.628	-
Short-term other payables, net	285.292.592	227.327.510

As of 30 June 2026 and 31 December 2025, the Group has no long-term other payables.

NOTE 12 - DERIVATIVE INSTRUMENTS

As of 30 June 2026 and 31 December 2025, the Group has no short and long-term derivative instruments.

The Group uses hedge accounts on its consolidated statement of financial position by borrowing in the same currency against the foreign currency denominated risks arising from the foreign currency sales amounts to be realized in the subsequent periods within the scope of the agreements.

In this context, repayments of foreign currency denominated borrowings, which are subject to hedge accounting and determined as hedging instrument, are made with foreign currency sales cash flows that are realized on closing dates and determined as hedged item within the scope of hedge accounting.

In accordance with the currency risk management strategy determined by the Group management, unrealized firm commitment applies hedge accounting to hedge the currency risk component of the fair value risk and hedge the cash flow risk of the highly probable forecast transaction currency risk component and is formed on the hedged item and the hedging instrument. The Group aims to present a precise statement of profit or loss by netting the foreign exchange rate fluctuations that have not yet been realized and by following the currency fluctuations of bank borrowings, which are defined as hedge instruments, under the consolidated statement of other comprehensive income.

NOTE 13 - INVENTORIES

As of 30 June 2026 and 31 December 2025, the breakdown of inventories is as follows:

Account Name	30.06.2026	31.12.2025
Raw materials and supplies	1.949.925.500	1.197.952.675
Finished goods	2.781.122.780	2.073.722.286
Merchandise	578.078.419	733.564.276
Other inventories	18.432.398	18.051.788
Total	5.327.559.097	4.023.291.025

The Group has no provision for impairment on inventories.

NOTE 14 - RIGHT OF USE ASSETS

As of 30 June 2026 and 2025, the movements for right of use assets, and related depreciation are as follows:

30.06.2026					
Cost	Opening balance - 1 January 2026	Additions	Disposals	Currency translation differences	Closing balance - 30 June 2026
Motor vehicles	113.733.392	7.627.817	(64.155.237)	-	57.205.972
Buildings	418.006.739	900.924	-	(32.597.657)	386.310.006
Total	531.740.131	8.528.741	(64.155.237)	(32.597.657)	443.515.978

Accumulated depreciation (-)	Opening balance - 1 January 2026	Current period depreciation	Disposals	Currency translation differences	Closing balance - 30 June 2026
Motor vehicles	(74.398.180)	(5.924.732)	64.155.237	-	(16.167.675)
Buildings	(182.985.840)	(32.881.850)	-	13.784.157	(202.083.533)
Total	(257.384.020)	(38.806.582)	64.155.237	13.784.157	(218.251.208)
Net book value	274.356.111				225.264.770



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Cost	Opening balance – 1 January 2025	Additions	Currency translation differences	Closing balance – 30 June 2025
Motor vehicles	64.155.034	40.634.038	-	104.789.072
Buildings	460.582.721	17.499.024	(72.149.488)	405.932.257
Total	524.737.755	58.133.062	(72.149.488)	510.721.329

Accumulated depreciation (-)	Opening balance – 1 January 2025	Current period depreciation	Currency translation differences	Closing balance – 30 June 2025
Motor vehicles	(64.155.034)	(26.683.068)	-	(90.838.102)
Buildings	(137.686.054)	(21.743.311)	-	(159.429.365)
Total	(201.841.088)	(48.426.379)	-	(250.267.467)
Net book value	322.896.667			260.453.862

NOTE 15 - PREPAID EXPENSES AND DEFERRED INCOME

As of 30 June 2026 and 31 December 2025, the breakdown of short-term prepaid expenses is as follows:

Account Name	30.06.2026	31.12.2025
Prepaid Expenses to Third Parties	283.493.894	242.527.076
-Short-term prepaid expenses	36.102.845	63.257.923
-Advances given for purchases	247.247.284	179.093.063
-Advances given to employees	139.530	167.426
-Business cash advances	4.235	8.664
Short-term prepaid expenses, net	283.493.894	242.527.076

As of 30 June 2026 and 31 December 2025, the Group has no long-term prepaid expenses.

As of 30 June 2026 and 31 December 2025, the breakdown of short-term deferred income is as follows:

Account Name	30.06.2026	31.12.2025
Deferred Income from Third Parties	274.959.198	513.707.433
Advances received	274.959.198	513.707.433
Short-term deferred income, net	274.959.198	513.707.433

(*) Includes advances received from domestic and foreign customers

As of 30 June 2026 and 31 December 2025, the Group has no long-term deferred income.

NOTE 16 - INVESTMENTS ACCOUNTED FOR USING THE EQUITY METHOD

None.

NOTE 17 - INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

As of 30 June 2026 and 2025, the detailed analysis and movements of investment properties are as follows:

30.06.2026				
Cost	Opening balance – 1 January 2026	Additions	Disposals	Closing balance – 30 June 2026
Land	495.504.640	-	-	495.504.640
Buildings	333.755.392	-	-	333.755.392
Total	829.260.032	-	-	829.260.032
30.06.2025				
Cost	Opening balance – 1 January 2025	Additions	Disposals	Closing balance – 30 June 2025
Land	406.947.254	-	-	406.947.254
Buildings	347.642.687	-	-	347.642.687
Total	754.589.941	-	-	754.589.941



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NOTE 18 - PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

As of 30 June 2026 and 2025, the movements for property, plant and equipment, and related depreciation are as follows:

30.06.2026

Cost	Opening balance – 1 January 2026	Additions	Disposals	Transfers	Closing balance – 30 June 2026
Land	5.087.269.549	12.334.525	(242.148.763)	-	4.857.455.311
Land improvements	77.139.871	-	-	-	77.139.871
Buildings	2.967.445.543	185.456	(365.021.337)	-	2.602.609.662
Plant, machinery and equipment	6.223.009.038	9.233.357	(70.770.729)	7.189.429	6.168.661.095
Motor vehicles	553.108.185	24.439.635	(25.371.398)	-	552.176.422
Furniture and fixtures	291.980.360	3.754.507	-	-	295.734.867
Other property, plant and equipment	615.621	-	-	-	615.621
Leasehold improvements	13.302.778	-	-	-	13.302.778
Constructions in progress	2.898.449.080	366.807.596	(79.870.705)	(7.189.429)	3.178.196.542
Total	18.112.320.025	416.755.076	(783.182.932)	-	17.745.892.169

Accumulated depreciation (-)	Opening balance – 1 January 2026	Current period depreciation	Disposals	Closing balance – 30 June 2026
Land improvements	(41.245.597)	(2.324.140)	-	(43.569.737)
Buildings	(494.700.275)	(35.003.710)	145.654.075	(384.049.910)
Plant, machinery and equipment	(2.824.133.040)	(204.358.527)	70.770.729	(2.957.720.838)
Motor vehicles	(280.846.341)	(34.051.570)	24.996.040	(289.901.871)
Furniture and fixtures	(208.007.664)	(12.421.014)	-	(220.428.678)
Other property, plant and equipment	(615.619)	-	-	(615.619)
Leasehold improvements	(12.055.552)	(184.988)	-	(12.240.540)
Total	(3.861.604.088)	(288.343.949)	241.420.844	(3.908.527.193)
Net book value	14.250.715.937			13.837.364.976

30.06.2025

Cost	Opening balance – 1 January 2025	Additions	Disposals	Transfers	Closing balance – 30 June 2025
Land	5.143.788.476	28.335.238	-	-	5.172.123.714
Land improvements	76.246.261	893.175	-	842.562	77.981.998
Buildings	2.789.895.391	97.833.008	-	2.024.957	2.889.753.356
Plant, machinery and equipment	5.532.405.076	84.731.304	-	24.561.060	5.641.697.440
Motor vehicles	536.002.733	59.216.182	-	-	595.218.915
Furniture and fixtures	278.705.118	6.674.213	-	1.523.520	286.902.851
Other property, plant and equipment	615.618	-	-	-	615.618
Leasehold improvements	12.834.494	-	-	-	12.834.494
Constructions in progress	2.632.454.585	366.743.356	-	(28.952.099)	2.970.245.842
Total	17.002.947.752	644.426.476	-	-	17.647.374.228

	Opening balance – 1 January 2025	Current period depreciation	Disposals	Closing balance – 30 June 2025
Land improvements	(36.573.327)	(2.309.448)	-	(38.882.775)
Buildings	(427.482.612)	(34.245.854)	-	(461.728.466)
Plant, machinery and equipment	(2.688.314.903)	(174.753.791)	-	(2.863.068.694)
Motor vehicles	(235.230.431)	(34.317.057)	-	(269.547.488)
Furniture and fixtures	(181.918.550)	(12.960.201)	-	(194.878.751)
Other property, plant and equipment	(565.545)	(49.167)	-	(614.712)
Leasehold improvements	(11.462.462)	(331.961)	-	(11.794.423)
Total	(3.581.547.830)	(258.967.479)	-	(3.840.515.309)
Net book value	13.421.399.922			13.806.858.919

Total insurance coverage on property, plant and equipment has been presented under Note 22.

The functional breakdown of depreciation and amortisation charges on property, plant and equipment have been presented under Note 30.

NOTE 19 - INTANGIBLE ASSETS

As of 30 June 2026 and 2025, the movements for intangible assets, and related depreciation are as follows:

30.06.2026

Cost	Opening balance – 1 January 2026	Additions	Disposals	Closing balance – 30 June 2026
Rights	116.320.083	697.244	-	117.017.327
Development costs	679.637.628	-	-	679.637.628
Total	795.957.711	697.244	-	796.654.955



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	Opening balance – 1 January 2026	Current period depreciation	Disposals	Closing balance – 30 June 2026
Accumulated depreciation (-)				
Rights	(110.172.630)	(1.211.212)	-	(111.383.842)
Development costs	(675.421.466)	(657.965)	-	(676.079.431)
Total	(785.594.096)	(1.869.177)	-	(787.463.273)
Net book value	10.363.615			9.191.682

30.06.2025

	Opening balance – 1 January 2025	Additions	Disposals	Closing balance – 30 June 2025
Cost				
Rights	114.165.420	298.741	-	114.464.161
Development costs	679.633.764	-	-	679.633.764
Total	793.799.184	298.741	-	794.097.925

	Opening balance – 1 January 2025	Current period depreciation	Disposals	Closing balance – 30 June 2025
Accumulated depreciation (-)				
Rights	(108.749.854)	(1.140.825)	-	(109.890.679)
Development costs	(673.863.834)	(831.077)	-	(674.694.911)
Total	(782.613.688)	(1.971.902)	-	(784.585.590)
Net book value	11.185.496			9.512.335

Total insurance coverage on intangible assets has been presented under Note 22.

The functional breakdown of depreciation and amortisation charges on intangible assets have been presented under Note 30.

NOTE 20 - EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

As of 30 June 2026 and 31 December 2025, the breakdown of employee benefits is as follows:

Account Name	30.06.2026	31.12.2025
Due to employees	58.343.246	64.971.423
Taxes payable	23.899.219	26.054.856
Social security premiums payable	39.879.261	38.393.161
Employee benefits, net	122.121.726	129.419.440

NOTE 21 – GOVERNMENT GRANTS

As of 30 June 2026, the Group has entitled to benefit from employment incentives, turquality and reduced corporate tax incentives in accordance with government grants.

NOTE 22 – PROVISIONS, CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND CONTINGENT ASSETS

i) Other short-term provisions

Account Name	30.06.2026	31.12.2025
Provision for lawsuit	57.909.623	65.888.790
Provision for unused vacation	31.989.181	24.886.385
Total	89.898.804	90.775.175

As of 30 June 2026 and 2025, the movements of provision for lawsuits are as follows:

	01.01.2026	01.01.2025
	30.06.2026	30.06.2025
Beginning of the period – 1 January	61.570.434	64.418.692
Additions	2.536.689	18.758.226
Provisions no longer required	(65.000)	(485.247)
Payments during the period	(513.824)	(2.227.727)
Inflation adjustments	(5.618.676)	(9.948.723)
End of the period – 30 June	57.909.623	70.515.221

As of 30 June 2026 and 2025, the movements of provision for unused vacation are as follows:

	01.01.2026	01.01.2025
	30.06.2026	30.06.2025
Beginning of the period – 1 January	24.886.384	26.107.289
Additions	10.856.042	10.250.009
Inflation adjustments	(3.753.245)	(4.205.402)
End of the period – 30 June	31.989.181	32.151.896

ii) Contingent liabilities and contingent assets

None.



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iii) Commitments, mortgages and guarantees not included in the liability

As of 30 June 2026 and 31 December 2025, the breakdown of collaterals/pledges/mortgages/bill of guarantees ("CPMB") is as follows:

Type	Currency	30.06.2026		31.12.2025	
		Original currency amount	TL equivalent	Original currency amount	TL equivalent
Letter of guarantee given	TL	1.080.390.104	1.080.390.104	3.219.569.046	3.219.569.046
Bill of guarantees given	TL	5.331.745.050	5.331.745.050	3.060.459.600	3.060.459.600
Bill of guarantees given	USD	22.250.000	1.035.850.975	166.250.000	8.391.409.645
Bill of guarantees given	EUR	39.125.000	2.077.341.875	28.100.000	1.669.524.641
Total CPMB's given, net			9.525.328.004		16.340.962.932
Letter of guarantee received	TL	1.400.460	34.280.590	40.368.823	40.368.823
Letter of guarantee received	USD	3.824.861	178.066.786	-	-
Letter of guarantee received	EUR	336.600	17.871.777	336.600	19.998.647
Total CPMB's received, net			230.219.153		60.367.470

The functional breakdown of letters of guarantee which has been provided to various institutions during the period given accordingly to Customs Office, Electricity and Natural Gas distributor companies and tribunals. On the other hand, the Group has obtained letters of guarantees from its shareholders considered as bill of guarantees for acquisition of raw materials and supplies which were considered as deposit.

iv) Ratio of guarantees and mortgages to equity

As of 30 June 2026 and 31 December 2025, the Group's collateral/pledge/mortgage/bill of guarantees ("C&P&M&B") position is as follows:

Collaterals, Pledges, Mortgages, Bill of Guarantees Given by the Group	30.06.2026	31.12.2025
A. Total amount of CPMB's given in the name of its own legal personality	1.080.390.104	3.219.569.046
B. Total amount of CPMB's given on behalf of the fully consolidated subsidiaries	8.444.937.900	13.121.393.886
C. Total amount of CPMB's given on behalf of third parties for ordinary course of business	-	-
D. Total amount of other CPMB's given	-	-
i) Total amount of CPMB's given on behalf of the majority shareholder	-	-
ii) Total amount of CPMB's given to on behalf of other group companies which are not in scope of B and C	-	-
iii) Total amount of CPMB's given on behalf of third parties which are not in scope of C	-	-
Total	9.525.328.004	16.340.962.932

The ratio of other CPMB's given by the Group to its equity is 57% as of 30 June 2026 (31 December 2025: 90%).

v) Total insurance coverage on assets

As of 30 June 2026, total insurance coverage on property, plant and equipment is amounting to TL 11.033.838.080 and USD 32.000.000 against wide variety of risks as collateral (31 December 2025: TL 11.053.964.220 and USD 32.000.000).

NOTE 23 - COMMITMENTS

None.

NOTE 24 – PROVISIONS FOR EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

	30.06.2026	31.12.2025
Provision for employment termination benefits	116.781.943	76.729.781
Total	116.781.943	76.729.781

Under Turkish Labour Law numbered 4857, Kocaer Çelik and its subsidiaries and associates incorporated in Türkiye are required to pay termination benefits to each employee who has completed one year of service and whose employment is terminated without due cause, who is called up for military service, dies or retires after completing 25 years of service (20 years for women) and reaches the retirement age (58 for women and 60 for men).

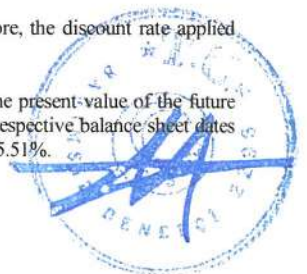
As of 30 June 2026, the amount payable consists of one month's salary limited to a maximum of TL 73.729,87 (31 December 2025: TL 64.948,77) for each year of service.

The liability is not funded as there is no funding requirement.

The provision has been calculated by estimating the present value of the future probable obligation of the Group arising from the retirement of the employees. TAS 19 ("Employee Benefits") requires actuarial valuation methods to be developed to estimate the entity's obligation under defined benefit plans. Accordingly, the following actuarial assumptions are used in the calculation of total liabilities:

The principal assumption is that the maximum liability for each year of service increases in line with inflation. Therefore, the discount rate applied represents the expected real rate after adjusting for future inflation effects.

As of 30 June 2026, the provisions in the accompanying consolidated financial statements are calculated by estimating the present value of the future probable obligation of the Group arising from the retirement of the employees. As of 30 June 2026, the provisions at the respective balance sheet dates have been calculated assuming an annual inflation rate of 24% and an interest rate of 27.41%, resulting in a discount rate of 5.51%.



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The movements of provision for employment termination benefits are as follows:

	01.01.2026 30.06.2026	01.01.2025 30.06.2025
Beginning of the period – 1 January	76.729.781	100.897.397
Payments during the period (-)	(16.233.417)	(14.483.542)
Interest cost	7.704.805	10.803.663
Service cost	19.958.225	22.008.085
Loss on remeasurements of defined benefit plans	12.569.904	8.109.624
Actuarial gains/losses	27.551.969	2.513.701
Inflation adjustments	(11.499.324)	(15.759.251)
End of the period – 30 June	116.781.943	114.089.677

NOTE 25 - TAX ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

As of 30 June 2026 and 31 December 2025, the breakdown of current income tax assets is as follows:

Account Name	30.06.2026	31.12.2025
Prepaid taxes	-	1.762
Current income tax assets, net	-	1.762

NOTE 26 - OTHER ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

As of 30 June 2026 and 31 December 2025, the breakdown of other current assets is as follows:

Account Name	30.06.2026	31.12.2025
Deferred VAT	87.751.374	93.687.609
Other current assets, net	87.751.374	93.687.609

As of 30 June 2026 and 31 December 2025, the Group has no other current and non-current liabilities.

NOTE 27 – EQUITY

i) Non-controlling interests

From all equity account group items of subsidiaries within the scope of consolidation, including paid/issued share capital, the amounts corresponding to the shares other than the parent company and subsidiaries are deducted and disclosed in the equity of the consolidated statement of financial position as "Non-Controlling Interests".

As of 30 June 2026 and 31 December 2025, the movements of non-controlling interests are as follows:

	01.01.2026 30.06.2026	01.01.2025 31.12.2025
Paid-in share capital	7.307.951	8.605.843
Adjustment to share capital	23.710.303	22.475.179
Gains/(losses) on remeasurements of defined benefit plans, net	(668.288)	(322.191)
Currency translation differences, net	(5.475.117)	1.069.371
Retained earnings, net	11.779.837	5.091.675
Restricted reserves	2.802.430	2.795.244
Profit for the period, net	7.766.308	6.749.578
End of the period	47.223.424	46.464.699

ii) Share capital//Capital adjustments due to cross-ownership

As of 30 June 2026 and 31 December 2025, the principal shareholders and their respective shareholding rates in Kocaer Çelik are as follows:

	30.06.2026		31.12.2025	
Shareholders	Amount	Share (%)	Amount	Share (%)
Hakan Kocaer	1.420.836.864	74	1.420.836.864	74
Other (Listed shares)	494.163.136	26	494.163.136	26
Total share capital	1.915.000.000	100	1.915.000.000	100

Number of shares, class of shares and privileges

The Group has applied the registered capital system in accordance with the CMB regulations and adopted to the registered capital system with the permission of the CMB on 14 April 2022 and numbered 18/589. The issued share capital of the Group has been increased by TL 1.257.430.000 to TL 1.915.000.000 and the issued share capital has been fully paid free of collusion. The capital increase was registered and announced in the Official Gazette on 28 December 2024 and numbered 11217.

Capital adjustments due to cross-ownership

None.



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iii) Capital reserves

None.

iv) Restricted reserves

The legal reserves consist of first and second legal reserves, appropriated in accordance with the Turkish Commercial Code (TCC). The TCC stipulates that the first legal reserve is appropriated out of historical statutory profits at the rate of 5% per annum, until the total reserve reaches 20% of the Group's historical paid-in share capital. The second legal reserve is appropriated at the rate of 10% per annum of all cash distributions in excess of 5% of the historical paid-in share capital. Under TCC, the legal reserves are not available for distribution unless they exceed 50% of the historical paid-in share capital but may be used to offset losses in the event that historical general reserve is exhausted. The details of the restricted reserves are as follows:

Account Name	30.06.2026	31.12.2025
Legal reserves	213.528.164	210.460.062
Gain on disposal of a subsidiary and property, plant and equipment	380.112.079	380.112.078
Total	593.640.243	590.572.140

v) Retained earnings

Account Name	30.06.2026	31.12.2025
Extraordinary reserves	2.066.511.305	2.066.511.305
Retained earnings	5.579.181.086	4.961.665.686
Total	7.645.692.391	7.028.176.991

vi) Share premium

Account Name	30.06.2026	31.12.2025
Share premium	487.676.039	487.676.039
Total	487.676.039	487.676.039

vii) Other comprehensive income or expenses to be reclassified to profit or loss

As of 30 June 2026 and 31 December 2025, the detailed table of other comprehensive income or expenses to be reclassified to the consolidated statement of profit or loss recognised under equity is as follows:

Account Name	30.06.2026	31.12.2025
Currency translation differences	(26.944.426)	9.518.452
Gains/(losses) on hedges	(936.475.247)	(765.034.863)
Total	(963.419.673)	(755.516.411)

viii) Other comprehensive income or expenses not to be reclassified to profit or loss

As of 30 June 2026 and 31 December 2025, the detailed table of other comprehensive income or expenses not to be reclassified to the consolidated statement of profit or loss recognised under equity is as follows:

Account Name	30.06.2026	31.12.2025
Gains/(losses) on revaluation and remeasurements	2.410.463.225	2.473.536.873
Gains/(losses) on remeasurements of defined benefit plans	(41.114.419)	(19.834.771)
Total	2.369.348.806	2.453.702.102

ix) Equity

Account Name	30.06.2026	31.12.2025
Paid-in share capital	1.915.000.000	1.915.000.000
Adjustment to share capital	2.198.512.251	2.198.512.251
Other comprehensive income or expenses not to be reclassified to profit or loss	2.369.348.806	2.453.702.102
Share premium	487.676.039	487.676.039
Other comprehensive income or expenses to be reclassified to profit or loss	(963.419.673)	(755.516.411)
Restricted reserves	593.640.243	590.572.140
Retained earnings	7.645.692.391	7.028.176.991
Profit for the period	610.469.967	557.573.206
Equity holders of the parent	14.856.920.024	14.475.696.318
Non-controlling interests	47.223.424	46.464.699
Total equity	14.904.143.448	14.522.161.017

In accordance the decision of the CMB on 7 March 2024 and numbered 14/382

a) - Although it is indicated in the notes to the consolidated financial statements in the Board Bulletin numbered 2013/19 that the "Legal Reserves" under the "Restricted Reserves" will be presented in the consolidated financial statements based on the value in the statutory records,



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considering the index difference used in inflation adjustments, with the aim of presenting the financial statements as a whole under a single index; "Legal Reserves", including "Adjustment to share capital", "Share premium" (Emission premium), and statutory reserves and special reserves and other classified under "Other Reserves",

- To be presented in the Statement of Financial Position over the CPI-adjusted amounts,

- The difference between the inflation adjusted amounts in the statutory records and the inflation adjusted amounts in the consolidated financial statements prepared in accordance with TAS/IFRS shall be recognised in the "Retained earnings", and in this context, a disclosure shall be realised in the notes to the consolidated financial statements about the "Adjustment to share capital" and reserve amounts recognised under equity in the TAS/IFRS consolidated statement of financial position, the details of the amounts of these items in the statutory records and the difference recognised in the "Retained earnings",

b) Within the scope of the initial transition to inflation, it has been decided to disclose the "Retained Earnings" in the consolidated statement of financial position prepared in accordance with TAS/IFRS and the indexed amount of the amount in the related period in the notes to the consolidated financial statements.

As of 30 June 2026, the comparison of the related equity items presented in the consolidated financial statements of the Group as adjusted for inflation in the consolidated financial statements prepared in accordance with the Tax Procedure Law with the inflation adjusted amounts in the consolidated financial statements prepared in accordance with the Tax Procedure Law and the "Retained Earnings" in the consolidated statement of financial position and the indexed amount of the related amount in the related period are as follows:

30.06.2026	Inflation Adjusted Amounts in Financial Statements Prepared in Accordance with Tax Procedure Law	Inflation Adjusted Amounts in Financial Statements Prepared in Accordance with TAS/IFRS Financial Statements	Retained earnings, net
Adjustment to share capital	61.370.244	2.198.512.250	2.137.142.006
Share premium	306.616.687	487.676.039	181.059.352
Restricted reserves	421.957.543	593.640.243	171.682.700

NOTE 28 - REVENUE AND COST OF SALES

As of 30 June 2026 and 2025, the functional breakdown of revenue and cost of sales is as follows:

Account Name	01.01.2026 30.06.2026	01.04.2026 30.06.2026	01.01.2025 30.06.2025	01.04.2025 30.06.2025
Domestic sales	3.927.646.722	1.933.972.527	3.009.296.090	1.558.063.292
Foreign sales	7.393.589.954	4.115.080.094	10.802.523.060	5.953.281.108
Other revenue	265.070.216	126.607.708	98.407.497	51.626.864
Sales returns (-)	(292.240)	(11)	(17.251.801)	(5.544.444)
Sales discounts (-)	(1.178.199)	(239.288)	(956.638)	(357.962)
Net sales	11.584.836.453	6.175.421.030	13.892.018.208	7.557.068.858
Cost of sales (-)	(9.151.031.821)	(4.749.674.057)	(11.038.198.902)	(6.053.534.617)
Cost of merchandise sold (-)	(197.591.364)	(23.833.007)	(708.332.014)	(37.766.459)
Cost of goods sold (-)	(7.895.688.586)	(4.217.266.612)	(9.209.020.130)	(5.489.533.191)
Other cost of sales (-)	(302.418.677)	(166.714.697)	(335.134.533)	(121.552.622)
Personnel expenses	(459.692.708)	(186.262.737)	(528.203.707)	(161.903.571)
Depreciation and amortisation charges(-)	(295.640.486)	(155.597.004)	(257.508.518)	(242.778.774)
Gross Profit	2.433.804.632	1.425.746.973	2.853.819.306	1.503.534.241

NOTE 29 - RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT EXPENSES, MARKETING, SALES AND DISTRIBUTION EXPENSES, GENERAL ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES

As of 30 June 2026 and 2025, the functional breakdown of operating expenses is as follows:

Account Name	01.01.2026 30.06.2026	01.04.2026 30.06.2026	01.01.2025 30.06.2025	01.04.2025 30.06.2025
Marketing, sales and distribution expenses (-)	(705.478.873)	(448.187.341)	(884.363.968)	(433.466.636)
General administrative expenses (-)	(250.006.240)	(127.630.487)	(288.164.886)	(156.285.364)
Research and development expenses (-)	(46.771.249)	(23.112.530)	(9.705.001)	(4.905.424)
Total operating expenses (-)	(1.002.256.362)	(598.930.358)	(1.182.233.855)	(594.657.424)

NOTE 30 - EXPENSES BY NATURE

As of 30 June 2026 and 2025, the functional breakdown of marketing, sales and distribution expenses, research and development expenses and general administrative expenses recognized in expenses by nature is as follows:

Account Name	01.01.2026 30.06.2026	01.04.2026 30.06.2026	01.01.2025 30.06.2025	01.04.2025 30.06.2025
Marketing, sales and distribution expenses (-)	(705.478.873)	(448.187.341)	(884.363.968)	(433.466.636)
Personnel expenses	(44.787.066)	(21.369.065)	(38.677.318)	(18.534.499)
Freight costs	(444.921.383)	(309.310.291)	(480.525.232)	(257.016.655)
Transportation costs	(78.356.191)	(44.834.445)	(85.557.414)	(43.275.615)
Customs duty and expenses	(5.221.405)	(2.812.902)	(8.266.516)	(2.431.491)



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Consumable costs	(46.540.957)	(27.450.126)	(70.729.068)	(35.359.432)
Sales commission expenses	(41.825.965)	(20.802.741)	(159.316.904)	(60.261.545)
Depreciation and amortisation charges	(350.969)	(181.006)	(662.330)	(648.549)
Maintenance and repair expenses	(18.969)	(12.759)	(640.941)	(184.684)
Consultancy expenses	(343.197)	(131.542)	(672.927)	(517.071)
Fair and exhibition costs	(10.785.526)	(6.171.217)	(11.046.919)	(4.803.000)
Travel and accommodation expenses	(6.870.769)	(3.087.676)	(7.323.852)	(4.502.169)
Insurance expenses	(1.962.402)	(960.615)	(2.815.395)	(1.530.560)
Other	(23.494.074)	(11.062.956)	(18.129.152)	(4.401.366)
General Administrative Expenses (-)	(250.006.240)	(127.630.487)	(288.164.886)	(156.285.364)
Personnel expenses	(137.353.782)	(68.582.645)	(162.993.948)	(90.443.842)
Consumable costs	(2.431.026)	(1.472.584)	(4.836.700)	(2.038.621)
Depreciation and amortisation charges	(32.991.144)	(12.570.764)	(51.144.994)	(27.674.388)
Grants and donations	(104.298)	(104.298)	(311.773)	(311.773)
Maintenance and repair expenses	(2.813.647)	(1.084.205)	(2.302.403)	(913.539)
IT expenses	(6.320.741)	(2.233.123)	(17.539.852)	(7.972.517)
Consultancy expenses	(15.544.118)	(8.817.026)	(18.672.571)	(10.969.347)
Utility expenses	(1.674.295)	(807.268)	(1.733.727)	(821.056)
Travel and accommodation expenses	(4.597.046)	(2.888.275)	(3.925.694)	(2.142.709)
Insurance expenses	(4.088.441)	(1.708.975)	(4.660.983)	(2.321.314)
Representation and hospitality expenses	(445.536)	(208.043)	(1.305.305)	(618.937)
Taxes, duties and charges	(14.871.089)	(14.730.124)	(559.601)	(322.696)
Other	(26.771.077)	(12.423.157)	(18.177.335)	(9.734.625)
Research and Development Expenses (-)	(46.771.249)	(23.112.530)	(9.705.001)	(4.905.424)
Personnel expenses	(45.480.317)	(22.543.317)	(8.572.404)	(4.319.416)
Depreciation and amortisation charges	(37.109)	(16.820)	(49.918)	(24.095)
Other	(1.253.823)	(552.393)	(1.082.679)	(561.913)
Total operating expenses, net (-)	(1.002.256.362)	(598.930.358)	(1.182.233.855)	(594.657.424)

The functional breakdown of depreciation and amortisation charges recognized under consolidated statement of profit or loss is as follows:

Account Name	01.01.2026 30.06.2026	01.04.2026 30.06.2026	01.01.2025 30.06.2025	01.04.2025 30.06.2025
Cost of sales (-)	(295.640.486)	(155.597.004)	(257.508.518)	(242.778.774)
Marketing, sales and distribution expenses (-)	(350.969)	(181.006)	(662.330)	(648.549)
General administrative expenses (-)	(32.991.144)	(12.570.764)	(51.144.994)	(27.674.388)
Research and development expenses (-)	(37.109)	(16.820)	(49.918)	(24.095)
Depreciation and amortisation charges, net	(329.019.708)	(168.365.594)	(309.365.760)	(271.125.806)

The functional breakdown of personnel expenses recognized under consolidated statement of profit or loss is as follows:

Account Name	01.01.2026 30.06.2026	01.04.2026 30.06.2026	01.01.2025 30.06.2025	01.04.2025 30.06.2025
Cost of sales (-)	(459.692.708)	(186.262.737)	(528.203.707)	(161.903.571)
Marketing, sales and distribution expenses (-)	(44.787.066)	(21.369.065)	(38.677.318)	(18.534.499)
General administrative expenses (-)	(137.353.782)	(68.582.645)	(162.993.948)	(90.443.842)
Research and development expenses (-)	(45.480.317)	(22.543.317)	(8.572.404)	(4.319.416)
Personnel expenses, net	(687.313.873)	(298.757.764)	(738.447.377)	(275.201.328)

NOTE 31 - OTHER OPERATING INCOME/(EXPENSES)

As of 30 June 2026 and 2025, the functional breakdown of other operating income and expenses is as follows:

Account Name	01.01.2026 30.06.2026	01.04.2026 30.06.2026	01.01.2025 30.06.2025	01.04.2025 30.06.2025
Other operating income	705.484.026	418.361.789	1.186.771.976	185.057.721
Provisions no longer required (Doubtful receivables)	14.776.760	(1.673.347)	6.708.900	(3.179.839)
Provisions no longer required (Lawsuits)	578.824	578.824	2.712.974	515.195
Foreign exchange gains	275.134.001	234.687.145	1.009.386.678	258.397.525
Interest income	169.626.646	122.251.708	98.844.405	(91.351.846)
Discount income	96.011.452	7.904.956	29.852.905	(1.138.170)
Income from reversal of discounts	81.904.886	(5.741.533)	12.248.304	(735.722)
Other	67.451.457	60.354.036	27.017.810	22.550.578
Other operating expenses (-)	(1.121.857.639)	(726.545.101)	(1.222.311.175)	(256.139.542)
Provisions for doubtful receivables	(2.887.028)	9.274.451	(9.878.464)	-
Provisions for lawsuits	(2.536.689)	(2.667.782)	(18.758.226)	(4.401.753)
Foreign exchange losses	(452.408.525)	(253.205.929)	(931.805.011)	(339.235.647)
Interest expenses	(254.225.696)	(203.938.295)	(185.278.300)	62.100.977
Discount expenses	(345.730.670)	(266.758.269)	(11.304.974)	31.008.447
Expenses from reversal of discounts	(44.141.568)	3.094.324	(56.635.072)	3.401.910
Other	(19.927.463)	(12.343.601)	(8.651.128)	(9.013.476)
Other operating income/(expenses), (net)	(416.373.613)	(308.183.312)	(35.539.199)	(71.081.821)



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NOTE 32 - GAINS/(LOSSES) FROM INVESTMENT ACTIVITIES

As of 30 June 2026 and 2025, the functional breakdown of gains and losses from investment activities is as follows:

Account Name	01.01.2026 30.06.2026	01.04.2026 30.06.2026	01.01.2025 30.06.2025	01.04.2025 30.06.2025
Gains from investment activities	677.023.292	379.277.469	286.154.876	127.947.054
Gain on sale of securities	677.023.292	379.277.469	286.154.876	127.947.054
Losses from investment activities (-)	(39.425.391)	16.591	(49.463.377)	(48.476.231)
Loss on sale of non-current assets	(2.567.171)	(2.567.171)	(50.457)	936.689
Loss on sale of securities	(36.858.220)	2.583.762	(49.412.920)	(49.412.920)
Gains/(losses) from investment activities, (net)	637.597.901	379.294.060	236.691.499	79.470.823

NOTE 33 - FINANCIAL INCOME/(EXPENSES)

As of 30 June 2026 and 2025, the functional breakdown of financial income and expenses is as follows:

Account Name	01.01.2026 30.06.2026	01.04.2026 30.06.2026	01.01.2025 30.06.2025	01.04.2025 30.06.2025
Financial income	72.071.824	42.913.786	109.407.083	10.274.345
Interest income	10.363.167	4.335.075	6.771.273	2.691.344
Foreign exchange gains	61.708.657	38.578.711	81.929.453	1.236.766
Interest income arising from Group companies and shareholders	-	-	20.706.357	6.346.235
Financial expenses (-)	(1.054.551.252)	(627.223.292)	(1.521.103.850)	(799.214.803)
Interest expenses	(744.656.748)	(478.691.291)	(428.503.791)	(254.855.251)
Foreign exchange losses	(136.130.001)	(90.575.444)	(1.019.170.943)	(518.627.211)
Bank commissions, fees and charges	(107.086.207)	(27.262.772)	(63.294.778)	(20.009.863)
Interest expenses from TFRS 16	(12.675.573)	(5.745.902)	(10.134.338)	(5.722.478)
Other	(54.002.723)	(24.947.883)	-	-
Financial income/(expenses), (net)	(982.479.428)	(584.309.506)	(1.411.696.767)	(788.940.458)

NOTE 34 - NET MONETARY POSITION GAINS/(LOSSES)

As of 30 June 2026 and 2025, the breakdown of net monetary position gains and losses is as follows:

Non-monetary items	30.06.2026	30.06.2025
Statement of financial position	(270.352.850)	229.362.472
Prepaid expenses	15.981.739	110.508.907
Inventories	62.877.547	134.419.193
Property, plant and equipment	1.968.902.436	2.171.283.826
Intangible assets	12.104	384.567
Right of use assets	(989.127)	5.702.078
Equity	(2.248.879.954)	(2.215.699.195)
Deposits and guarantees given	3.108.510	2.828.243
Advances given	(71.366.105)	19.934.853
Statement of profit or loss	147.620.727	(73.133.024)
Revenue	(702.818.331)	(555.877.859)
Cost of sales	590.193.840	451.645.543
Marketing, sales and distribution expenses	28.078.549	29.035.354
General administrative expenses	10.302.634	10.365.514
Other operating income	(41.168.799)	(107.875.266)
Other operating expenses	28.510.879	43.067.668
Gains from investment activities	192.107.602	(13.522.688)
Financial income	15.341.213	(5.290.478)
Financial expenses	27.073.140	75.319.188
Net monetary position gains/(losses)	(122.732.123)	156.229.448

NOTE 35 - INCOME TAXES

The Group's tax expense (or income) consists of current period corporate income tax expense and deferred tax expense or income and the functional breakdown of income taxes is as follows:

Account Name	01.01.2026 30.06.2026	01.01.2025 30.06.2025
Current period tax expense	(103.772.921)	(1.368.859)
Deferred income tax	174.448.189	(96.304.545)
Total tax income/(expense)	70.675.268	(97.673.404)

i) Corporate tax



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The Group, its subsidiaries and associates operating in Türkiye, are subject to the tax legislation and practices in force in Türkiye. Provisions have been allocated in the accompanying consolidated financial statements for the estimated tax liabilities of the Group regarding the current period operating results.

Account Name	30.06.2026	31.12.2025
Provision for taxes	103.868.377	126.972.365
Less: Prepaid income tax	(21.084.485)	(48.819.292)
Current income tax liabilities, net	82.783.892	78.153.073

The corporate tax to be accrued on the taxable income is calculated on the basis of the deduction of the expenses that cannot be deducted from the tax base expense in the determination of the earnings, and the amount of dividends received from domestic companies, taxable income and investment allowances.

Corporate tax rates

As of 30 June 2026, corporate tax rate applied in Türkiye is 25% in accordance with the Corporate Tax Law numbered 5520 (31 December 2025: 25%). The corporate tax rate is applied to the tax base that will be calculated as a result of including the expenses that are not considered as deductible in accordance with the tax laws to the operating profit of the entities and deducting the exemptions and allowances (subsidiary earnings, investment discount, etc.) and deductions (Exemptions from research and development, etc.) included in the tax laws. Additional tax is not paid if the profit is not distributed.

In accordance with the Article 35 of the law numbered 7256 on Restructuring of Some Receivables and Amending Some Laws ("Law No. 7256"), published in the Official Gazette on 17 November 2020 effective from 1 January 2021. For the institutions at least 20% of whose shares are offered to the public to be traded in Borsa Istanbul Equity Market for the first time, the corporate tax rate will be applied at a 2 point discounted rate for 5 accounting periods starting from the fiscal period during which their shares are offered to the public for the first time. However, the above mentioned discount on corporate tax rate is not applicable for banks, leasing companies, factoring companies, financing companies, payment and electronic money institutions, authorized foreign exchange institutions, asset management companies, capital market institutions, insurance and reinsurance companies and pension companies. In case the condition disclosed in the aforementioned paragraph regarding the share ratio is lost within 5 accounting periods starting from the accounting period benefiting from the discount, taxes that are not accrued on time due to the reduced tax rate application are collected together with delay interest without any tax loss penalty.

According to Turkish Corporate Tax Law, losses can be carried forward to offset the future taxable income for a maximum period of 5 years. On the other hand, such losses cannot be carried back to offset prior years' profits.

According to corporate tax law article numbered 20, the corporate tax is imposed by the taxpayer's tax returns. In Türkiye, there is no procedure for a final and definitive agreement on tax assessments. Companies file their corporate tax returns between 1-30 April following the close of the accounting year. Tax authorities may, however, examine such returns and the underlying accounting records and may revise assessments within five years.

Dividend payments by resident corporations to resident joint-stock company in Türkiye are not subject to income tax. In addition, if the profit is not distributed or added to the capital, the income tax is not calculated. Dividend income (excluding profits from investment funds' participation certificates and investment trusts' shares) obtained from participating in the capital of another corporation which is fully taxpayable is exempt from corporation tax.

The Group has been capitalised basic incentives and supports presented under the provisions of Law No. 5746 pertaining the Support of Research and Development Activities for the R&D investment projects in its statutory records. 100% of all eligible R&D and innovation expenditures made within technology centres, R&D centres (which should employ at least 15 (may increase to 30 for specific sectors) full-time equivalent R&D personnel), R&D and innovation projects supported by governmental institutions, foundations established by law, or international funds and design expenditures made within design centres (which should employ at least 10 full-time equivalent design personnel) and design projects supported by the above institutions can be deducted from the corporate income tax base in accordance with the necessary calculations which has been recognised in the accompanying consolidated financial statements.

Income withholding tax

In addition to the corporate tax, it is required to calculate income tax withholding on any dividends, except for those distributed to all taxpayer entities and Turkish branches of foreign companies gaining dividend for such distribution and declaring these dividends within the corporate profit. The rate of income withholding tax implemented as 10% between 24 April 2003 and 22 July 2006. The rate of withholding tax has been increased from 10% to 15% upon the Cabinet decision No: 2006/10731, which was published in Official Gazette on 22 July 2006. Undistributed dividends incorporated in share capital are not subject to income tax withholding.

ii) Deferred tax

Kocaer Çelik, its subsidiaries and associates, recognise deferred tax assets and liabilities based upon temporary differences arising between their financial statements prepared in accordance with TAS/IFRS and the Turkish tax legislations. These differences usually due to the recognition of revenue and expense items in different reporting periods for the TAS/IFRS and tax purposes, the differences explained as below.

As of 30 June 2026 and 31 December 2025, the breakdown of cumulative temporary differences and deferred tax assets and liabilities provided using principal tax rates are as follows:

Account Name	Cumulative temporary differences		Deferred tax assets/(liabilities)	
	30.06.2026	31.12.2025	30.06.2026	31.12.2025
Adjustments for PP&E	(7.527.855.159)	(7.439.531.513)	(934.465.298)	(1.325.289.190)
Investment properties	(562.346.182)	537.701.931	(100.364.490)	(96.071.034)
Right of use assets	6.981.586	(14.623.197)	1.326.501	2.778.407
Prepaid expenses	446.343.050	237.038.440	27.581.079	42.939.311

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Inventories	(440.371.025)	(444.536.321)	(56.347.229)	(84.461.901)
Adjustments for gain on sale of securities	(300.798.874)	(43.404.240)	(57.151.786)	(8.246.806)
Adjustments for discount on notes receivables	58.826.474	31.555.783	11.177.030	5.995.598
Doubtful receivables	14.026.590	21.193.093	3.023.095	4.026.688
Constructions in progress	(1.075.253.516)	(1.056.872.898)	(114.415.088)	(220.596.398)
Investment discounts	16.345.805	-	3.759.535	-
Cash discounts	265.816.284	315.143.079	61.137.745	72.482.909
Retained earnings to be offset	138.989.852	138.215.330	31.967.666	31.789.525
Borrowings	(302.120.644)	207.730.521	57.402.922	39.468.798
Adjustments for discount on notes payable	(96.011.452)	(51.981.110)	(18.242.176)	(9.876.411)
Foreign exchange gains (TAS 21)	147.310.217	33.931.495	(27.988.941)	6.446.984
Advances received/given and other payables	(19.457.677)	848.017	(3.667.129)	2.671.987
Provisions for lawsuits	56.010.611	63.652.514	10.642.016	12.093.978
Provisions for employment termination benefits	116.781.943	76.729.776	20.131.993	14.578.657
Provisions for unused vacation	31.989.181	24.886.384	5.733.269	4.728.413
Deferred tax assets/(liabilities), net			(1.028.759.295)	(1.504.540.485)

Income tax expenses in the consolidated statements of profit or loss are summarised as follows:

	30.06.2026	30.06.2025
Profit before tax	618.236.275	519.597.028
Tax calculated at domestic tax rate	(123.647.255)	(90.460.463)
Non-deductible expenses	(16.511.151)	(75.450.830)
Other temporary differences and adjustments for inflation	210.833.674	68.237.889
Tax income/(expense)	70.675.268	(97.673.404)

NOTE 36 - EARNINGS PER SHARE

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the net profit for the year attributable to ordinary shareholders by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the year. Accordingly, the weighted average number of shares used in earnings per share calculation as of 30 June 2026 and 2025, which is as follows:

Account Name	01.01.2026 30.06.2026	01.01.2025 30.06.2025
Profit for the period	610.469.967	513.793.234
Weighted average number of shares	1.915.000.000	1.915.000.000
Earnings per share	0.3188	0.2683

NOTE 37 - RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

a) Related party balances are as follows:

30.06.2026	Trade receivables	Other receivables	Trade payables	Other payables
Kocaer Tekstil Sanayi ve Ticaret A.Ş.	-	238.188.158	-	-
Chakra Mağazacılık Ticaret ve A.Ş.	-	46.758.792	-	-
Other	-	-	-	9.628
TOTAL	-	284.946.950	-	9.628

31.12.2025	Trade receivables	Other receivables	Trade payables	Other payables
Kocaer Tekstil Sanayi ve Ticaret A.Ş.	-	99.008.320	-	-
Chakra Mağazacılık Ticaret ve A.Ş.	-	91.738.179	-	-
TOTAL	-	190.746.499	-	-

b) Related party transactions are as follows:

30.06.2026

Purchases	Goods and services	Rent	Interest	Other services/Currency translation differences	Total
Chakra Mağazacılık Ticaret ve A.Ş.	-	-	-	6.317	6.317
Total	-	-	-	6.317	6.317

Sales	Goods and services	Rent	Interest	Sales of non-current assets	Other services/Currency translation differences	Total
Hakan Kocaer	-	322.389	-	-	-	322.389
Kocaer Tekstil Sanayi ve Ticaret A.Ş.	1.580.833	-	-	462.227.223	-	465.388.889
Chakra Mağazacılık Ticaret ve A.Ş.	18.680.292	-	-	-	208.482	18.888.774
Total	20.261.125	322.389	-	462.227.223	208.482	484.600.052

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30.06.2025

Purchases	Goods and services	Rent	Interest	Other services/Currency translation differences	Total
Chakra Mağazacılık Ticaret ve A.Ş.	-	-	-	20.968	20.968
Total	-	-	-	20.968	20.968

Sales	Goods and services	Rent	Interest	Other services/Currency translation differences	Total
Kocaer Tekstil Sanayi ve Ticaret A.Ş.	-	1.546.795	5.415.796	-	6.962.591
Hakan Kocaer	-	310.887	-	-	310.887
Chakra Mağazacılık Ticaret ve A.Ş.	-	283.923	14.324.383	14.515	14.622.821
Total	-	2.141.605	19.740.179	14.515	21.896.299

c) Key management compensation

Account Name	01.01.2026	01.01.2025
Key management compensation	60.129.764	47.744.574
Total	60.129.764	47.744.574

NOTE 38 - NATURE AND LEVEL OF RISKS DERIVED FROM FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Capital risk management

The Group, while trying to maintain the continuity of its activities in capital management on one hand, aims to increase its profitability by using the balance between debts and resources on the other hand. The capital structure of the Group consists of cash and cash equivalents explained in note 6, borrowings explained in note 8 and equity items containing respectively issued share capital, capital reserves, profit reserves and profits of previous years explained in note 27. Risks, associated with each capital class, and the senior management evaluates the capital cost. It is aimed that the capital structure will be stabilized by means of new borrowings or repaying the existing debts as well as dividend payments and new share issuances based on the senior management evaluations.

The Group monitors capital on the basis of the net financial debt/total equity ratio. This ratio calculated as dividing net debt by total capital. Net debt is calculated by deducting cash and cash equivalents from the total debt amount (includes borrowings and finance leases as disclosed in the consolidated statement of financial position). Total capital is calculated as equity, as presented in the consolidated statement of financial position, plus net debt. General strategy based on the Group's equity does not differ from the prior period. The Group's overall risk management strategy focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and targets to minimise potential adverse effects on the Group's financial performance.

Consolidated net financial debt/invested capital ratio as of 30 June 2026 and 31 December 2025 is as follows:

	30.06.2026	31.12.2025
Total borrowings	8.443.479.803	8.469.885.979
Less: Cash and cash equivalents	(4.861.429.677)	(5.057.267.743)
Net financial debt	3.582.050.126	3.412.618.236
Equity	14.904.143.448	14.522.161.017
Invested capital	18.486.193.574	17.934.779.253
Net financial debt/invested capital ratio	0.1938	0.1903

Foreign exchange risk

Foreign exchange risk arises from the fact that the Group has liabilities denominated in USD, EUR, GBP and other currencies. Foreign exchange transactions result in foreign exchange risk arising from foreign exchange denominated assets and liabilities into Turkish Lira. The Group management evaluates and monitors the balance of the assets and liabilities denominated in Turkish Lira as open positions. The Group monitors foreign exchange rate risk through foreign exchange position analysis. Derivative financial instruments are also used as instruments for foreign exchange risk management for hedging purposes, if deemed necessary.



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As of 30 June 2026 and 31 December 2025, foreign exchange position of the Group is as follows:

Foreign exchange position

	30.06.2026				31.12.2025			
	TL equivalent	USD	EUR	GBP	TL equivalent	USD	EUR	GBP
1. Trade Receivables	4.020.096.769	81.399.209	3.185.009	1.000.000	4.349.988.593	69.600.753	11.390.607	2.352.350
2a. Monetary Financial Assets	2.190.571.564	28.303.720	16.439.796	294	2.210.816.240	34.660.878	7.764.504	43
2b. Non-Monetary Financial Assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
3. Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
4. Total Current Assets (1+2+3)	6.210.668.334	109.702.929	19.624.805	1.000.294	6.560.804.833	104.261.631	19.155.111	2.352.393
5. Trade Receivables	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
6a. Monetary Financial Assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
6b. Non-monetary financial assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
7. Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
8. Total Non-Current Assets (5+6+7)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
9. Total Assets (4+8)	6.210.668.334	109.702.929	19.624.805	1.000.294	6.560.804.833	104.261.631	19.155.111	2.352.393
10. Trade Payables	5.590.129.724	119.163.394	409.131	-	4.930.600.355	96.725.985	574.840	-
11. Financial Liabilities	1.928.475.600	8.500.000	28.750.000	-	2.478.889.722	9.064.021	34.000.587	-
12a. Other Monetary Liabilities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12b. Other Non-Monetary Liabilities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
13. Total Current Liabilities (10+11+12)	7.518.605.324	127.663.394	29.159.131	-	7.409.490.078	105.790.006	34.575.427	-
14. Trade Payables	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
15. Financial Liabilities	1.195.111.500	13.750.000	10.375.000	-	1.950.806.933	25.762.610	10.884.217	-
16a. Other Monetary Liabilities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
16b. Other Non-Monetary Liabilities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
17. Total Non-Current Liabilities (14+15+16)	1.195.111.500	13.750.000	10.375.000	-	1.950.806.933	25.762.610	10.884.217	-
18. Total Liabilities (13+17)	8.713.716.824	141.413.394	39.534.131	-	9.360.297.010	131.552.616	45.459.644	-
19. Off-Balance Sheet Derivative Instruments Net Asset / (Liability)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Position (19a-19b)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
19a. Total Asset Amount of Hedged	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
19b. Total Liabilities Amount of Hedged	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
20. Net Foreign Exchange Asset / (Liability) Position (9-18+19)	(2.503.048.491)	(31.710.465)	(19.909.327)	1.000.294	(2.799.492.177)	(27.290.985)	(26.304.533)	2.352.393
21. Monetary Items Net Foreign Exchange Asset / (Liabilities) Position	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(1+2a+3+5+6a-10-11-12a-14-15-16a)	(2.503.048.491)	(31.710.465)	(19.909.327)	1.000.294	(2.799.492.177)	(27.290.985)	(26.304.533)	2.352.393
22. Total Fair Value of Financial Instruments Used for Foreign Exchange Hedge	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
23. Export	7.024.141.006	137.847.981	18.100.564	-	25.787.452.415	327.334.968	56.311.972	2.283.580
24. Import	4.843.267.122	108.957.352	-	-	10.655.240.347	211.100.850	-	-



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The following table details the Group's foreign currency sensitivity as at 30 June 2026 and 31 December 2025 for the changes at the rate of 10%:

Exchange rate sensitivity analysis		
01.01.2026 (the CBRT - 30.06.2026)		
	Profit/(Loss)	
	Appreciation of Foreign Currency	Depreciation of Foreign Currency
Change in USD against TL by 10%		
1- USD Net Asset/Liability	(150.081.908)	150.081.908
2- Hedged portion of USD Risk (-)	-	-
3- USD Net Effect (1+2)	(150.081.908)	150.081.908
Change in EUR against TL by 10%		
4- EUR Net Asset/Liability	(106.368.790)	106.368.790
5- Hedged portion of EUR Risk (-)	-	-
6- EUR Net Effect (4+5)	(106.368.790)	106.368.790
Change in GBP against TL by 10%		
7- GBP Net Asset/Liability	6.145.849	(6.145.849)
8- Hedged portion of GBP Risk (-)	-	-
9- GBP Net Effect (7+8)	6.145.849	(6.145.849)
TOTAL	(250.304.849)	250.304.849

Exchange rate sensitivity analysis		
01.01.2025 (the CBRT - 31.12.2025)		
	Profit/(Loss)	
	Appreciation of Foreign Currency	Depreciation of Foreign Currency
Change in USD against TL by 10%		
1- USD Net Asset/Liability	(116.975.439)	116.975.439
2- Hedged portion of USD Risk (-)	-	-
3- USD Net Effect (1+2)	(116.975.439)	116.975.439
Change in EUR against TL by 10%		
4- EUR Net Asset/Liability	(132.714.786)	132.714.786
5- Hedged portion of EUR Risk (-)	-	-
6- EUR Net Effect (4+5)	(132.714.786)	132.714.786
Change in GBP against TL by 10%		
7- GBP Net Asset/Liability	13.600.572	(13.600.572)
8- Hedged portion of GBP Risk (-)	-	-
9- GBP Net Effect (7+8)	13.600.572	(13.600.572)
TOTAL	(236.089.653)	236.089.653

Interest rate risk

The Group is exposed interest rate risk arising from the rate changes on interest-bearing liabilities and assets. The Group manages this risk by balancing the repricing terms of interest-bearing assets and liabilities with fixed and floating interest such as time deposits (Note 6) and short-long term nature of borrowings (Note 8).

Interest position

	30.06.2026	31.12.2025
Fixed-interest rate financial instruments		
Financial assets	2.369.163.844	2.556.499.706
Financial liabilities	8.443.479.803	8.469.885.979
Floating-interest rate financial instruments		
Financial assets	1.168.843.861	1.040.058.822

Equity securities and other related risks related financial instruments

The Group has no any securities and similar financial assets sensitive to changes in fair value.

Credit risk management

Holding financial instruments also carries the risk of the other party not meeting the requirements of the agreement. The Group's collection risk mainly arises from its trade receivables. Trade receivables are evaluated by taking into consideration the Group's accounting policies and procedures and accordingly, trade receivables are allocated in the consolidated statement of financial position less provision for doubtful receivables in the consolidated statement of financial position (Note 10).

As of 30 June 2026 and 31 December 2025, the exposure of consolidated financial asset to credit risk is as follows:



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CREDIT RISK DETAILS IN RESPECT OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENT TYPES

30.06.2026	Receivables						Bank deposits	Notes
	Trade receivables		Other receivables		Notes			
	Related party	Other	Related party	Other				
Maximum exposure to credit risk as of reporting date (A+B+C+D+E)	-	4.254.191.452	47.625.234	359.984.538	10-11	4.861.405.906	6	
- Maximum risk secured with guarantees and collaterals	-	470.869.496	-	-	10-11	-		
A. Net book value of neither past due nor impaired financial assets	-	4.254.191.452	47.625.234	359.984.538	10-11	4.861.405.906	6	
B. Conditions are renegotiated otherwise, net book value of past due but not impaired financial assets	-	-	-	-	10-11	-	6	
C. Net book value of past due but not impaired financial assets	-	-	-	-	10-11	-		
- Secured with guarantees and collaterals	-	-	-	-	10-11	-	6	
D. Net book value of impaired assets	-	-	-	-	10-11	-		
- Past due (gross book value)	-	14.026.590	-	-	10-11	-	6	
- Impairment (-)	-	(14.026.590)	-	-	10-11	-	6	
- Secured with guarantees and collaterals	-	-	-	-	10-11	-	6	

31.12.2025	Receivables				Notes	Bank deposits	Notes
	Trade receivables		Other receivables				
	Related party	Other	Related party	Other			
Maximum exposure to credit risk as of reporting date (A+B+C+D+E)	-	4.607.126.170	129.124.395	223.854.414	10-11	5.057.244.657	(
- Maximum risk secured with guarantees and collaterals	-	626.857.677	-	-	10-11	-	(
A. Net book value of neither past due nor impaired financial assets	-	4.607.126.170	129.124.395	223.854.414	10-11	5.057.244.657	(
B. Conditions are renegotiated otherwise, net book value of past due but not impaired financial assets	-	-	-	-	10-11	-	(
C. Net book value of past due but not impaired financial assets	-	-	-	-	10-11	-	(
- Secured with guarantees and collaterals	-	-	-	-	10-11	-	(
D. Net book value of impaired assets	-	-	-	-	10-11	-	(
- Past due (gross book value)	-	29.972.067	-	-	10-11	-	(
- Impairment (-)	-	(29.972.067)	-	-	10-11	-	(
- Secured with guarantees and collaterals	-	-	-	-	10-11	-	(

Liquidity risk management

The Group tries to manage the liquidity risk by maintaining the continuation of sufficient funds and loan reserves by means of matching the financial instruments and terms of liabilities by following the cash flow regularly.

Liquidity risk statements

Liquidity risk is the risk that a Group will be unable to meet its funding needs. Prudent liquidity risk management is to provide sufficient cash and cash equivalents, to enable funding with the support of credit limits provided by reliable credit institutions and to close funding deficit. The Group provides funding by balancing cash inflows and outflows through the provision of credit lines in the business environment.

Undiscounted contractual cash flows of the derivative and non-derivative consolidated financial liabilities in TL as of 30 June 2026 and 31 December 2025 are as follows:

30.06.2026

Contractual maturities	Carrying value	Total contractual cash outflows	Demand or up to 3 months	4-12 months	1-5 years
Non-derivative financial liabilities	14.917.682.120	15.032.655.933	8.756.506.270	4.711.822.182	1.564.327.481
Bank borrowings	8.220.436.002	8.319.061.725	2.274.526.097	4.690.644.115	1.353.891.513
Lease liabilities	223.043.801	239.391.891	7.777.856	21.178.067	210.435.968
Trade payables	6.188.909.725	6.188.909.725	6.188.909.725	-	-
Other payables	285.292.592	285.292.592	285.292.592	-	-

31.12.2025

Contractual maturities	Carrying value	Total contractual cash outflows	Demand or up to 3 months	4-12 months	1-5 years
Non-derivative financial liabilities	13.935.618.549	13.919.194.758	7.243.372.930	4.147.276.053	2.528.545.775
Bank borrowings	8.195.401.799	8.148.926.480	1.762.444.383	4.120.319.480	2.266.162.617
Finance lease liabilities	9.026.829	9.064.153	6.812.005	2.252.148	-
Lease liabilities	265.457.351	295.471.555	8.383.972	24.704.425	262.383.158
Trade payables	5.238.405.060	5.238.405.060	5.238.405.060	-	-
Other payables	227.327.510	227.327.510	227.327.510	-	-

Fair value

Fair value is the amount for which a financial instrument could be exchanged, or a liability settled between, willing parties during current transaction, other than in a forced sale or liquidation, and is best evidenced through a quoted market price, if one exists. Foreign currency



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denominated receivables and payables are translated with the exchange rates prevailing as of the date of the consolidated financial statements.

The following methods and assumptions are used to estimate the fair values of financial instruments:

Financial assets

The carrying values of cash and cash equivalents including cash on hand and demand deposits, accrued interests and other financial assets are considered to approximate their respective carrying values due to their short-term nature and insignificant credit risk. The carrying values of trade receivables less provision for doubtful receivables are considered to approximate their respective carrying values.

Financial liabilities

The fair values of trade payables and other monetary liabilities are considered to approximate their respective carrying values due to their short-term nature. The fair values of the bank borrowings after discount are considered to be approximate to their corresponding carrying values. Bank borrowings are expressed with discounted cost and transaction costs are added to the initial cost of the loan. The fair values of the loans after discount are considered to be approximate to their corresponding carrying values. In addition, it is considered that the fair values of the trade payables are approximate to their respective carrying value due to their short-term nature.

NOTE 39 - FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (FAIR VALUE DISCLOSURES AND HEDGE ACCOUNTING)

Fair value hedge of foreign currency risk

The Group uses hedge accounts on its statement of financial position by borrowing in the same currency against the foreign currency denominated risks arising from the foreign currency sales amounts to be realized in the subsequent periods within the scope of the agreements.

In this context, repayments of foreign currency denominated borrowings, which are subject to hedge accounting and determined as hedging instrument, are made with foreign currency sales cash flows that are realized on closing dates and determined as hedged item within the scope of hedge accounting.

In accordance with the currency risk management strategy determined by the Group management, unrealized firm commitment applies hedge accounting to hedge the currency risk component of the fair value risk and hedge the cash flow risk of the highly probable forecast transaction currency risk component and is formed on the hedged item and the hedging instrument. The Group aims to present a precise statement of profit or loss by netting the foreign exchange rate fluctuations that have not yet been realized and by following the currency fluctuations of bank borrowings, which are defined as hedge instruments, under the consolidated statement of other comprehensive income.

In accordance with the hedge accounting strategy established by the Group management, the Group tries to maintain a 100% hedge ratio and a hedge effectiveness between 70% and 130%. As of 30 June 2026, hedge ratio and hedge effectiveness have been calculated as 108% and 97%, respectively.

TL	30.06.2026
The amount of the hedged item's risk component recognised in the assets under statement of financial position (firm commitment)	-
USD	30.06.2026
The present value of the hedged item (current)	168.545.035
The present value of the hedged item (non-current)	13.506.984
The present value of the hedging instrument (current)	155.461.966
The present value of the hedging instrument (non-current)	12.973.359
EUR	30.06.2026
The present value of the hedged item (current)	25.483.990
The present value of the hedged item (non-current)	8.063.012
The present value of the hedging instrument (current)	24.559.741
The present value of the hedging instrument (non-current)	8.013.539
TL	30.06.2026
The cumulative exchange difference on hedged item (current)	918.973.811
The cumulative exchange difference on hedged item (non-current)	289.006.436
The cumulative exchange difference on hedging instrument (current)	(879.459.018)
The cumulative exchange difference on hedging instrument (non-current)	(289.373.248)
Hedge effectiveness ratio	97%
Exchange rate difference amount in inactive markets maintained within a band in the statement of profit or loss	-
Hedge ratio	
The total amount of future expected cash flows of the hedged item (Cash flow hedge)	11.200.618.094
The total amount of future expected cash flows of the instrument used for hedging purposes (Cash flow hedge)	10.345.020.748
Hedge ratio, net	108%

Financial instruments and financial risk management

The Group is exposed to variety of financial risks due to its operations. These risks include credit risk, market risk (foreign exchange risk, interest rate risk at fair value, price risk) credit risk, cash flow interest rate risk and liquidity risk. The Group's overall risk management strategy focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and targets to minimise potential adverse effects on the Group's financial performance. The Group also uses derivative instruments and forward contracts to hedge risk exposures.



KOCAER ÇELİK SANAYİ VE TİCARET ANONİM ŞİRKETİ

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS AT AND FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2026

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TL") in terms of the purchasing power of the TL on 30 June 2026, unless otherwise indicated.)

Fair value of financial instruments

Fair value is the amount for which a financial instrument could be exchanged, or a liability settled between, willing parties during current transaction, other than in a forced sale or liquidation, and is best evidenced through a quoted market price, if one exists.

The Group determined fair value of financial instruments by using available market information and appropriate valuation methods. However, evaluating the market information and forecasting the real values requires interpretation. As a result, the estimates presented herein are not necessarily indicative of the amounts the Group could realize in a current market exchange.

The following methods and assumptions are used to estimate the fair value of each financial instrument for which it is practicable to estimate fair value.

Monetary assets

The carrying values of financial assets including cash and cash equivalents are carried at cost which is considered to approximate their respective carrying values due to their short-term nature and insignificant credit risk. The carrying values of trade receivables less provision for doubtful receivables are considered to approximate their respective carrying values.

Monetary liabilities

The fair values of short-term bank borrowings and other monetary liabilities are considered to approximate their respective carrying values due to their short-term nature.

Fair value is the amount for which a financial instrument could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties, other than in a forced sale or liquidation, and is best evidenced by a quoted market price, if one exists

Estimated fair values of financial instruments have been determined by the Group by using available market information and appropriate valuation methodologies. However, judgment is necessarily required to interpret market data. Accordingly, estimates presented herein are not necessarily indicative of the amounts the Group could realise in a current market exchange.

Financial assets

The fair values of financial assets carried at cost including cash and cash equivalents and other financial assets are considered to approximate their respective carrying values due to their short-term nature and insignificant credit risk.

Debt and equity securities are carried at fair value in accordance with the market prices, if one exists.

The classification of the Group's consolidated financial assets and liabilities at fair value is as follows:

Level 1: Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities: The fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities are determined with reference to quoted market prices.

Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (that is, as prices) or indirectly (that is, derived from prices):

Level 3: Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data.

NOTE 40 - FEES FOR SERVICES RECEIVED FROM INDEPENDENT AUDITOR/INDEPENDENT AUDIT FIRMS

The Group's explanation regarding the fees for the services received from the independent audit firms, which is based on the letter of POA dated 19 August 2021, the preparation principles of which are based on the Board Decision published in the Official Gazette on 30 March 2021 are as follows:

Account Name	01.01.2026 30.06.2026	01.01.2025 31.12.2025
Audit fee for the reporting period	7.773.206	6.447.138
Tax consulting fee	2.311.657	1.177.560
TOTAL	10.084.863	7.624.698

NOTE 41 - EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

The Group realised a gross cash dividend payment amounting to TL 0.1697 (TL 0.1443 net) per share from the net profit for the year 2025 on 1 July 2026.

NOTE 42 - THE OTHER MATTERS WHICH SUBSTANTIALLY AFFECT THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OR ARE REQUIRED TO BE DESCRIBED IN TERMS OF MAKING THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS CLEAR, INTERPRETABLE AND UNDERSTANDABLE

None.

